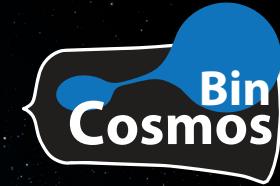




UNIVERSITEIT VAN AMSTERDAM



Impact of binarity on core-collapse supernovae

E. (Manos) Zapartas

(Some of the) collaborators:

S.E. de Mink, R.G. Izzard, S.-C. Yoon, C. Badenes, S. van Dyk, O. Fox, N. Smith,
A. de Koter, M. Renzo, Y. Gotberg, C.J. Neijssel, S. Ryder, A. Schootemeijer

Importance of ccSupernovae

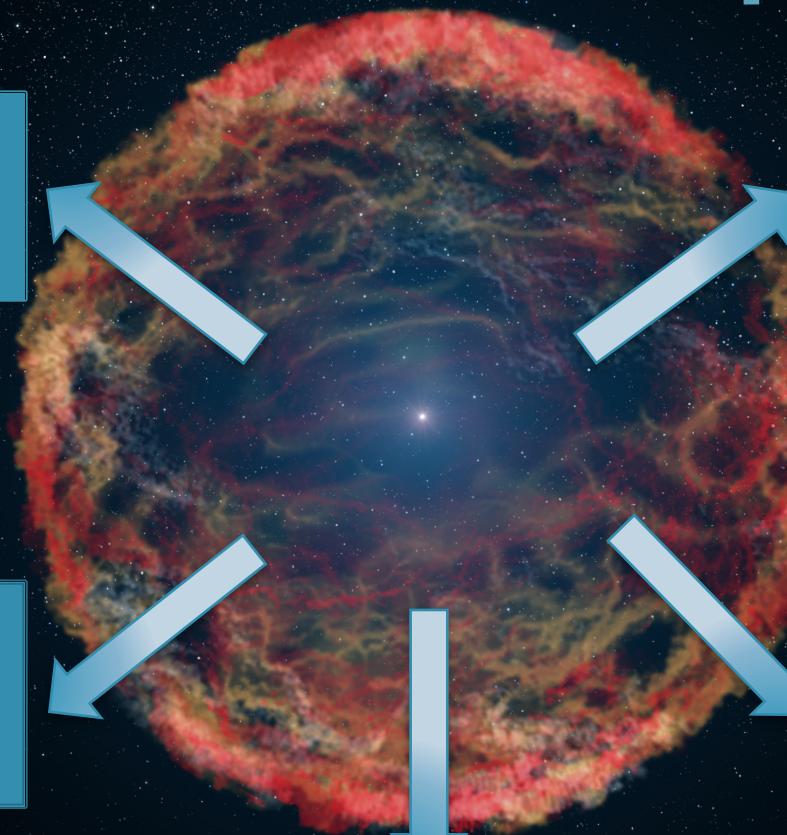
Cosmic rays,
neutrinos

Chemical
enrichment

Neutron stars,
black holes,
gravitational wave
sources

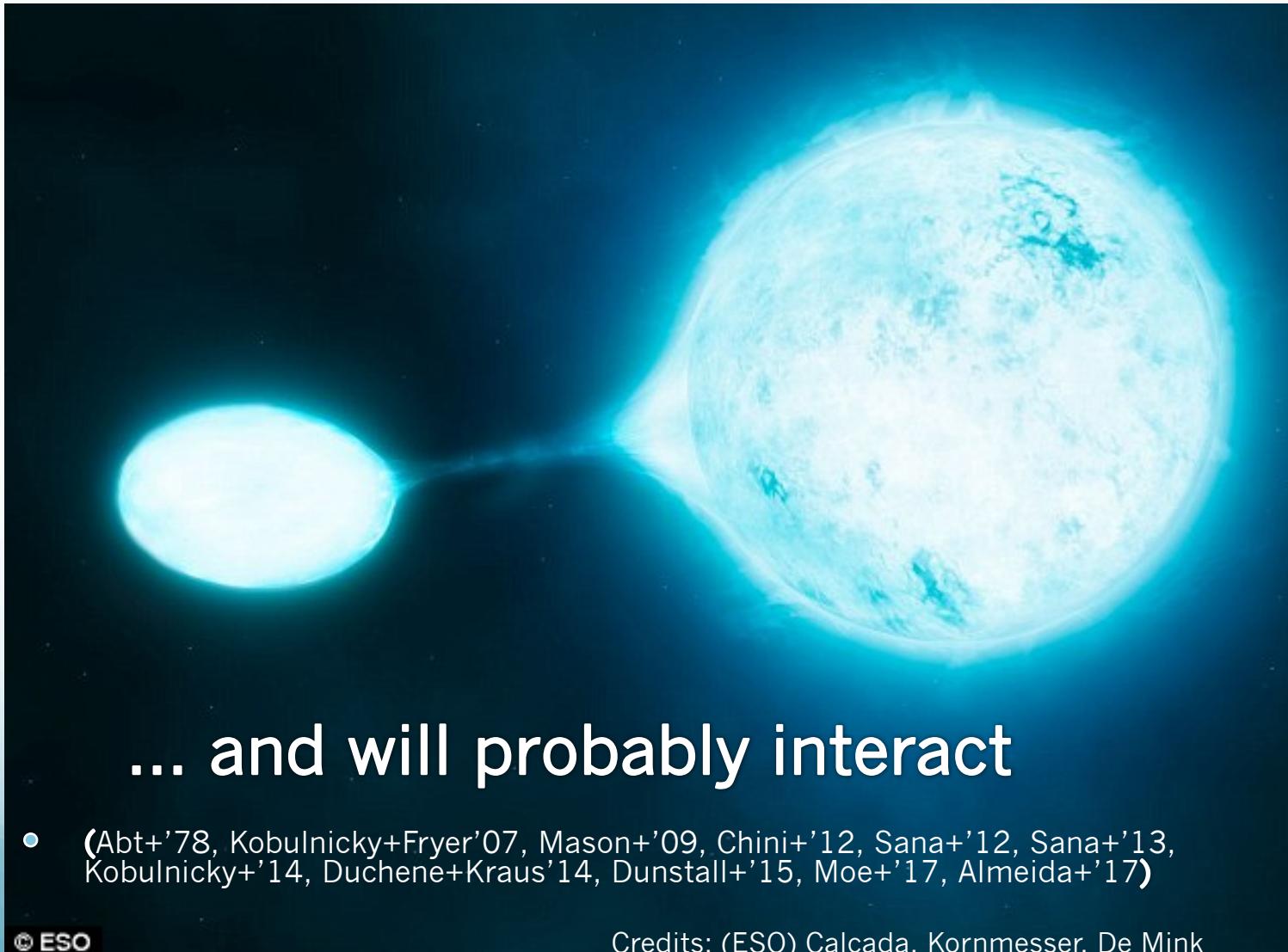
Mechanical and
radiative feedback

Evolution of
massive stars and
their explosion



"Artist's impression of supernova 1993J" by NASA, ESA, and G. Bacon (STScI)

Most young massive stars are found in binaries...



... and will probably interact

- (Abt+'78, Kobulnicky+Fryer'07, Mason+'09, Chini+'12, Sana+'12, Sana+'13, Kobulnicky+'14, Duchene+Kraus'14, Dunstall+'15, Moe+'17, Almeida+'17)

Impact of binaries on ccSNe



- **What companions** do stripped-ccSNe have at explosion?

Zapartas+'17b

- What is the possible binary **evolution** of type II progenitors?

Zapartas+DeMink (in prep.)

- **When** do ccSNe explode?

Zapartas+'17a

Types of ccSNe

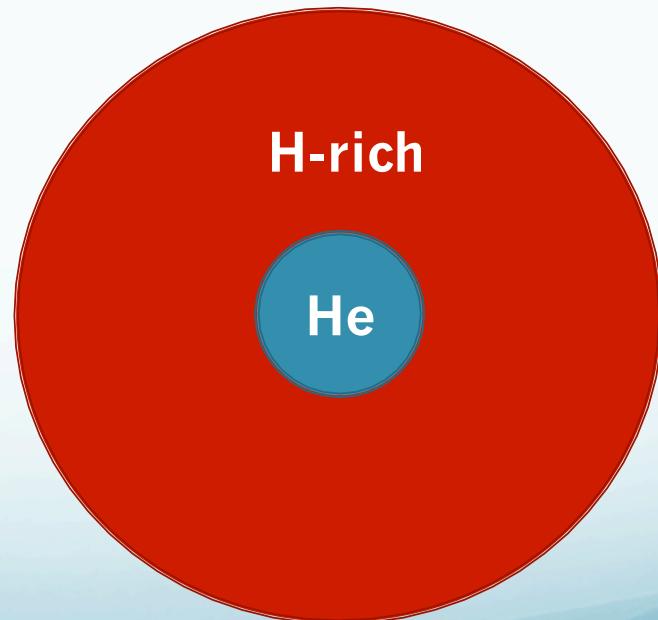
Stripped ccSNe

(Type Ib/c, IIb, Ic-BL, Ibn)



Type II ccSNe

(H-rich Type II-P, II-L, IIIn)

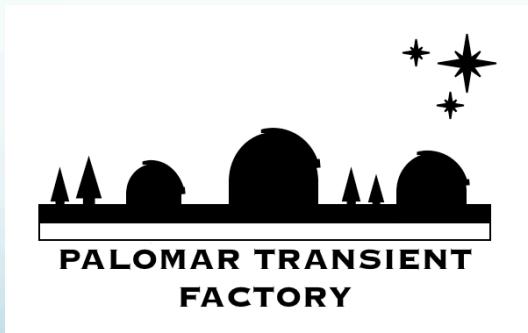


Why population synthesis?

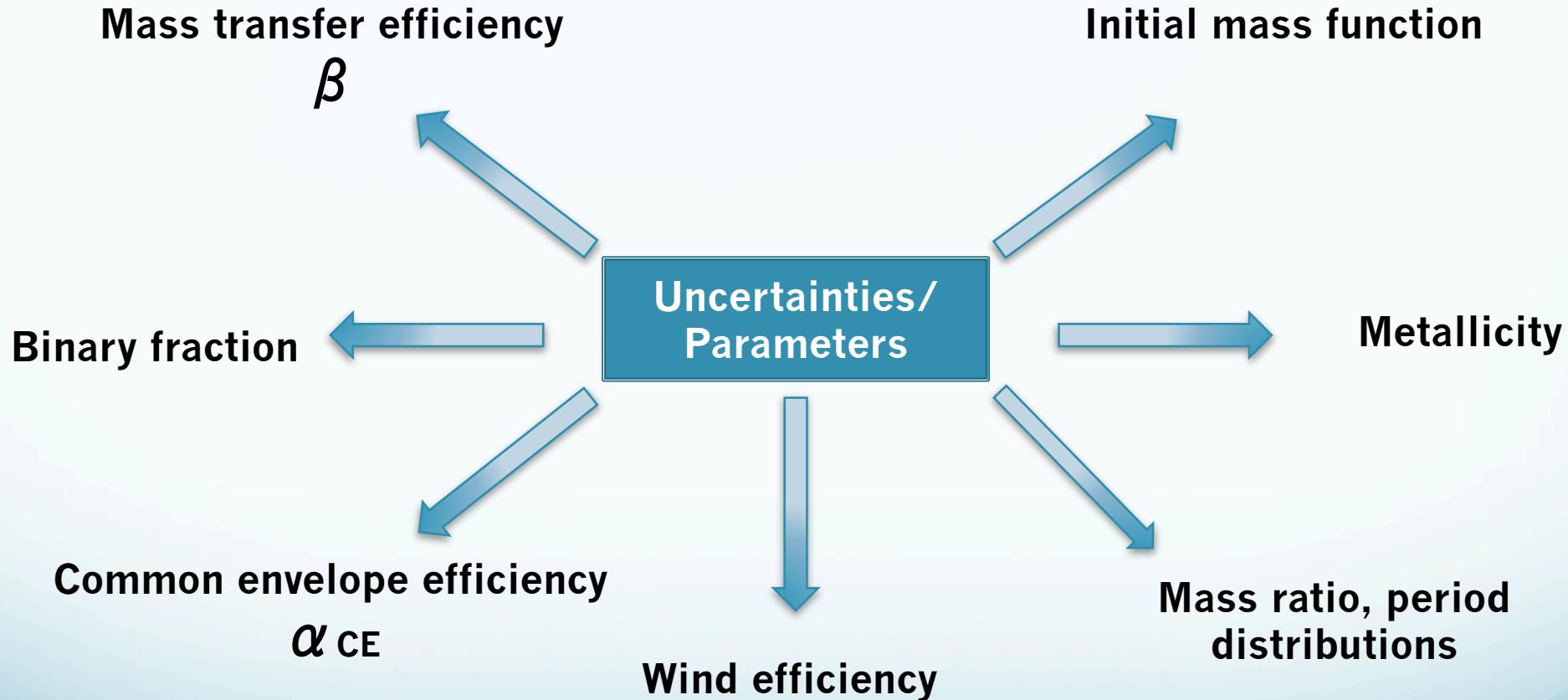
Binary_c: a rapid stellar evolutionary code

(Izzard+ '04, '06, '09, Hurley+ '00, '02, De Mink+ '13, Schneider+ '15)

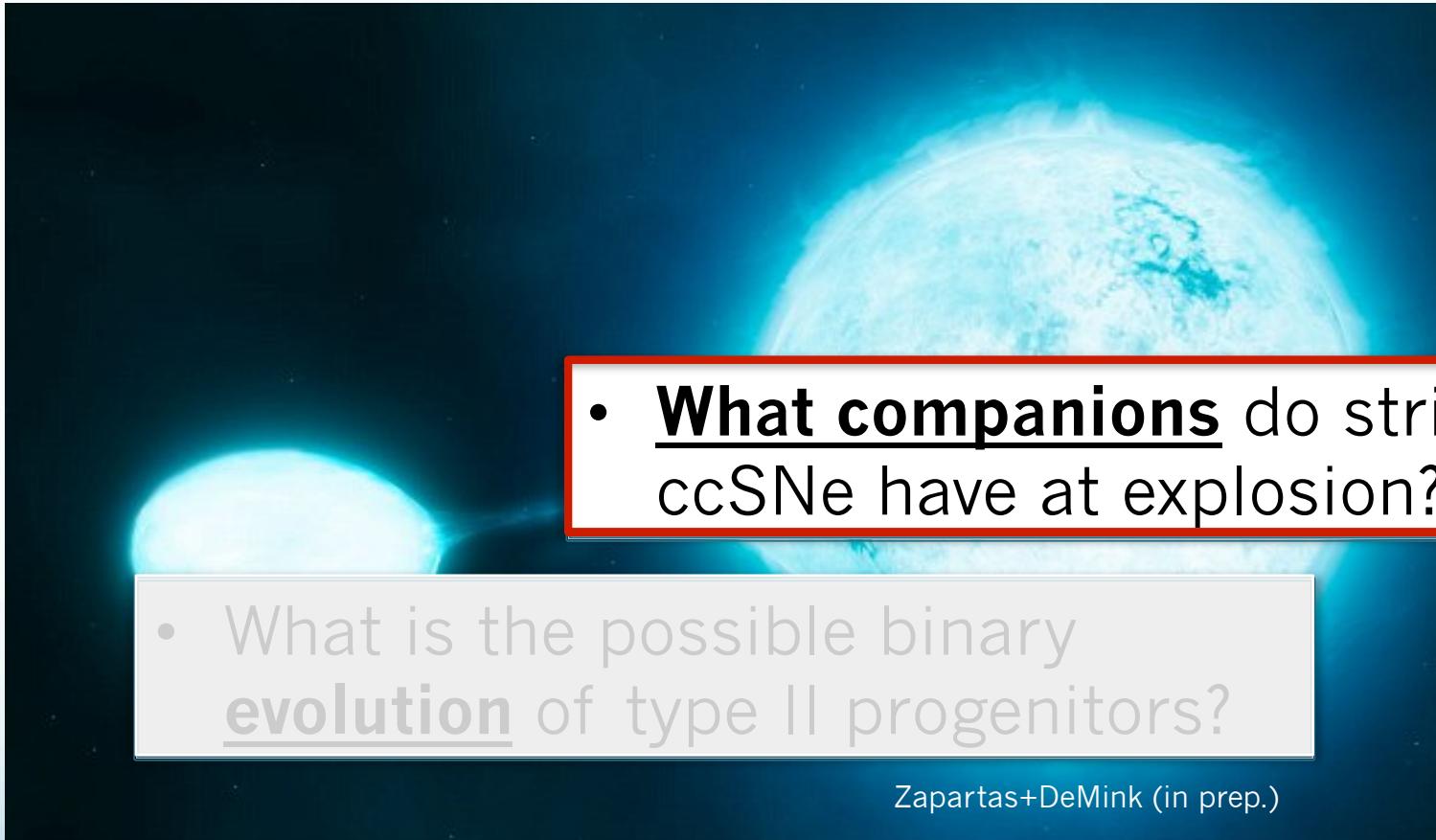
Upcoming/Existing Automated **Transient Surveys**



How robust are our predictions?



Impact of binaries on ccSNe



- **What companions** do stripped-ccSNe have at explosion?

Zapartas+'17b

- What is the possible binary evolution of type II progenitors?

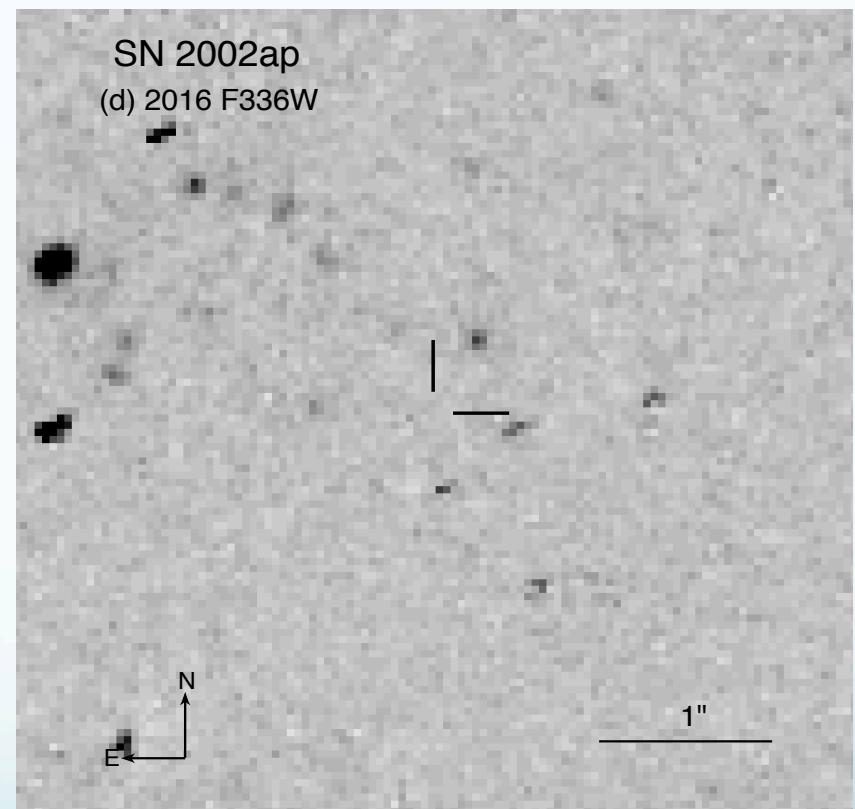
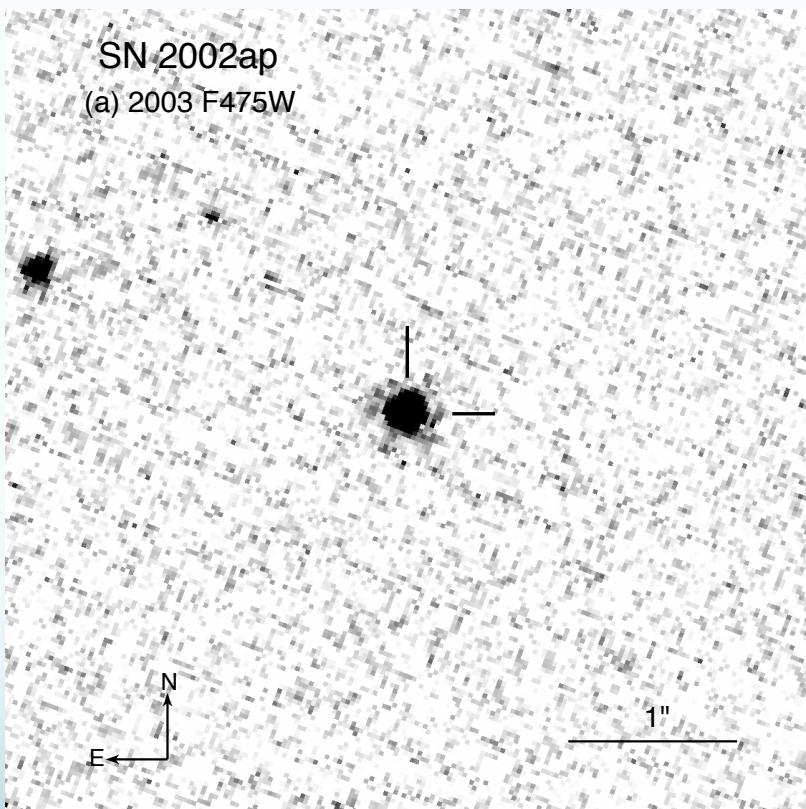
Zapartas+DeMink (in prep.)

- **When** do ccSNe explode?

Zapartas+'17a

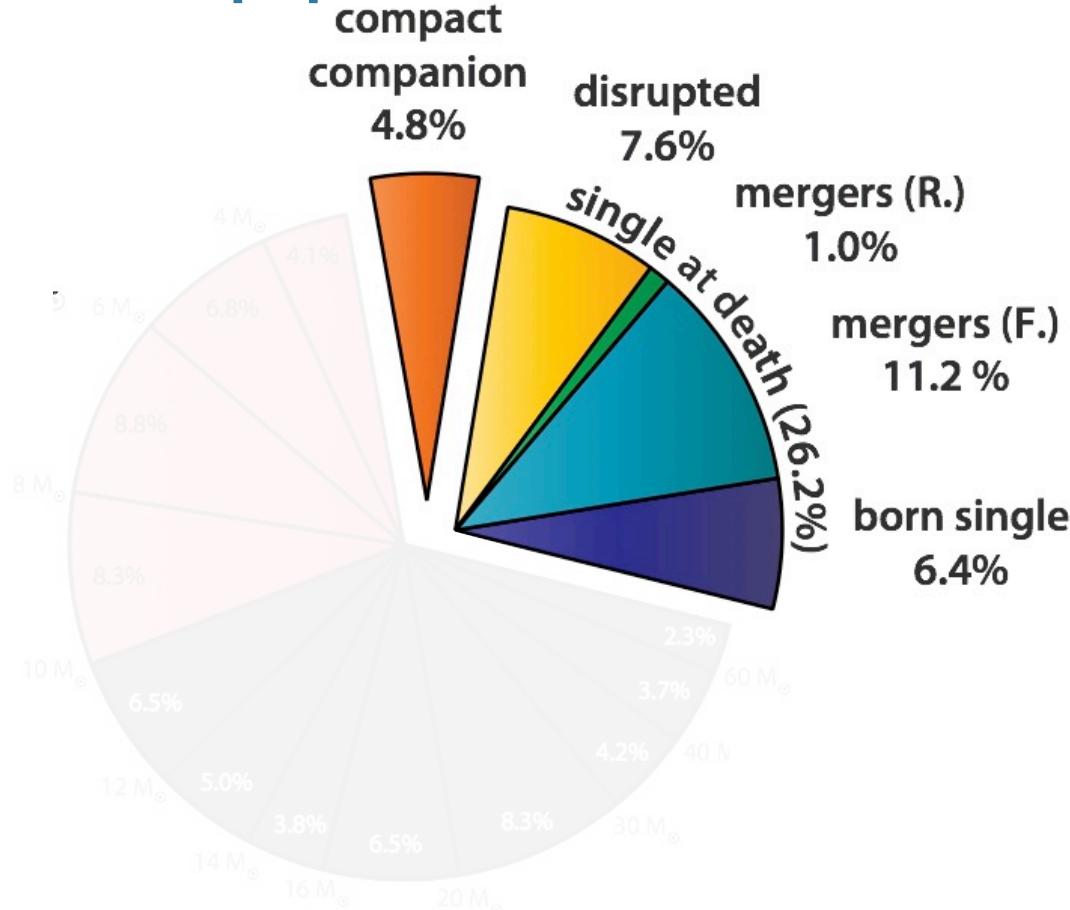
Credits: (ESO) Calçada, Kornmesser, De Mink

Companion search for SN2002ap



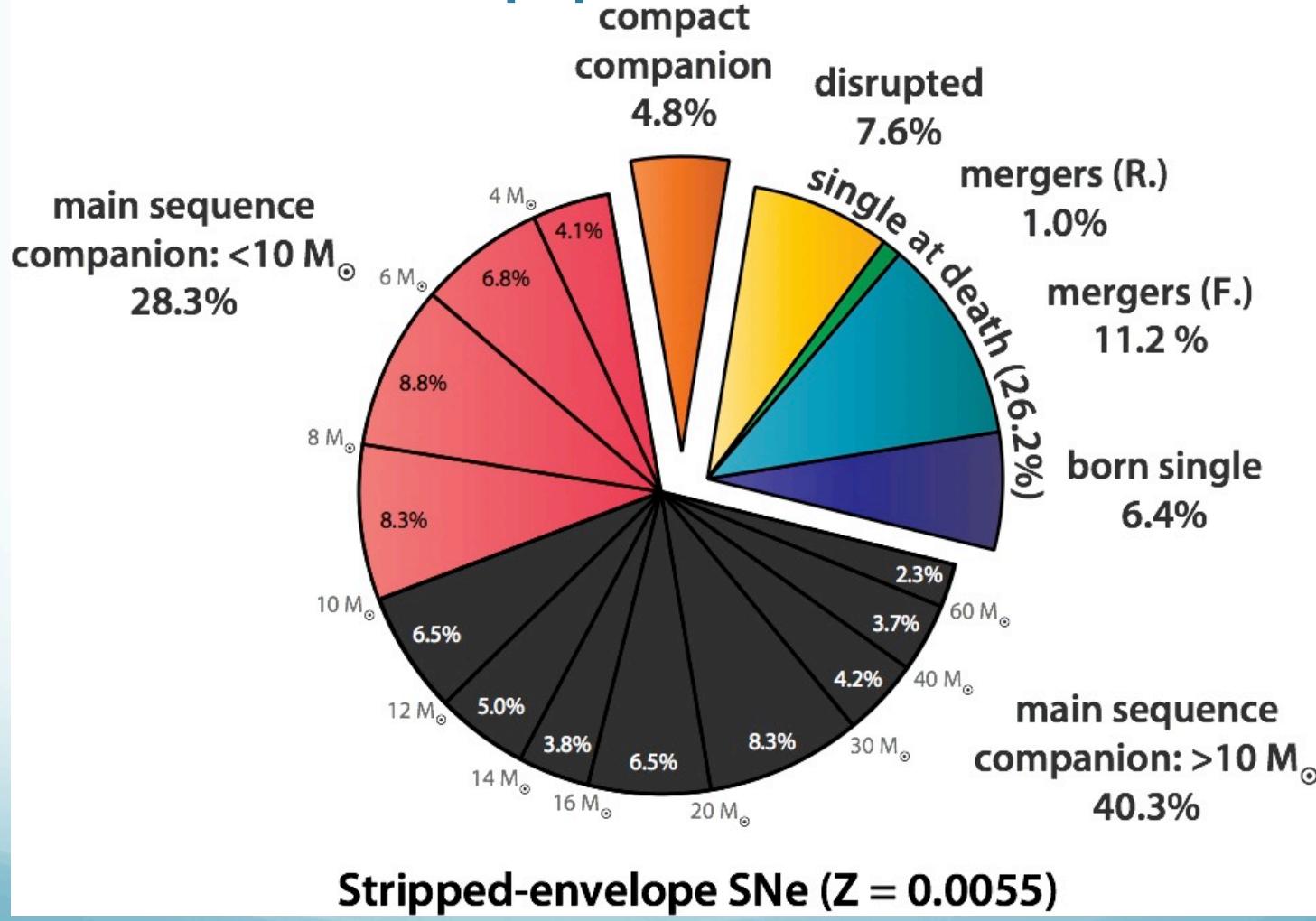
Zapartas+’17b

Companions of stripped ccSNe

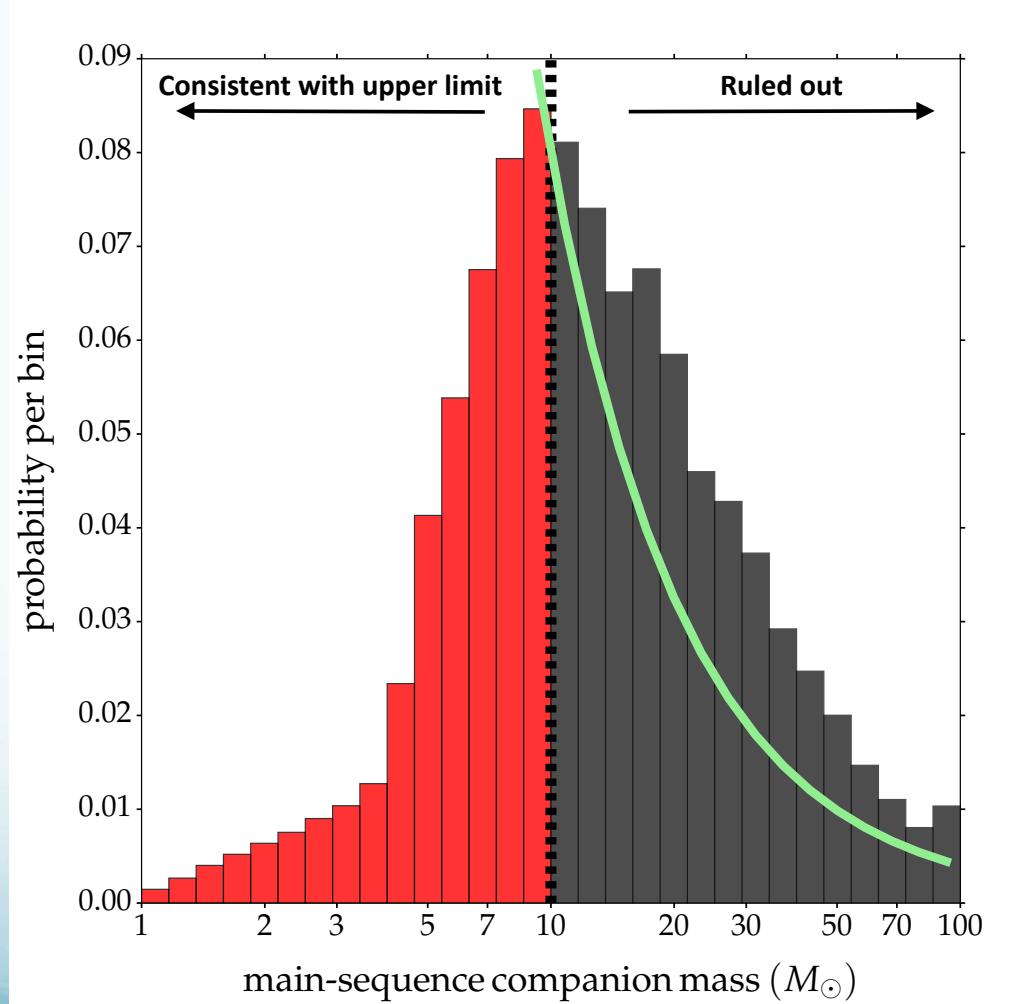


Stripped-envelope SNe (Z = 0.0055)

Companions of stripped ccSNe

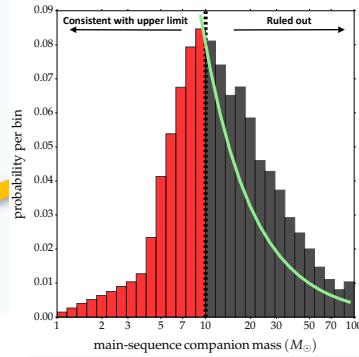
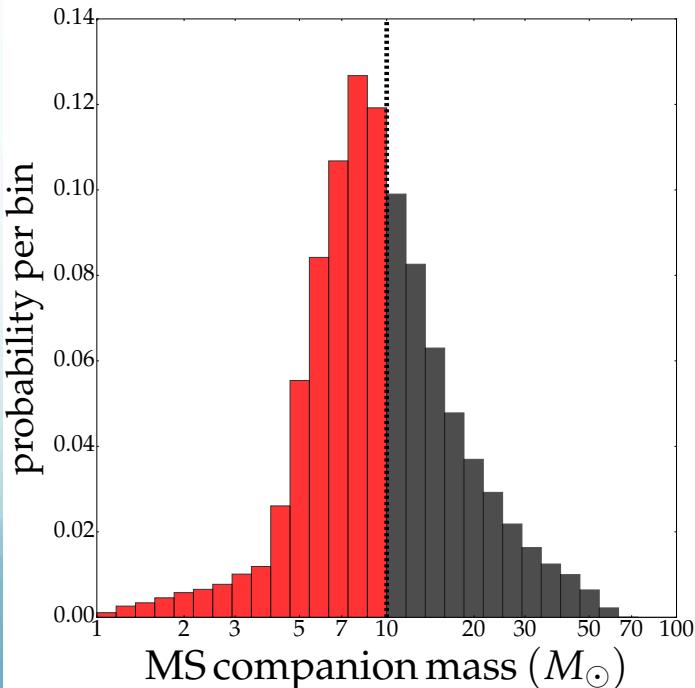


Mass distribution of main-sequence companions

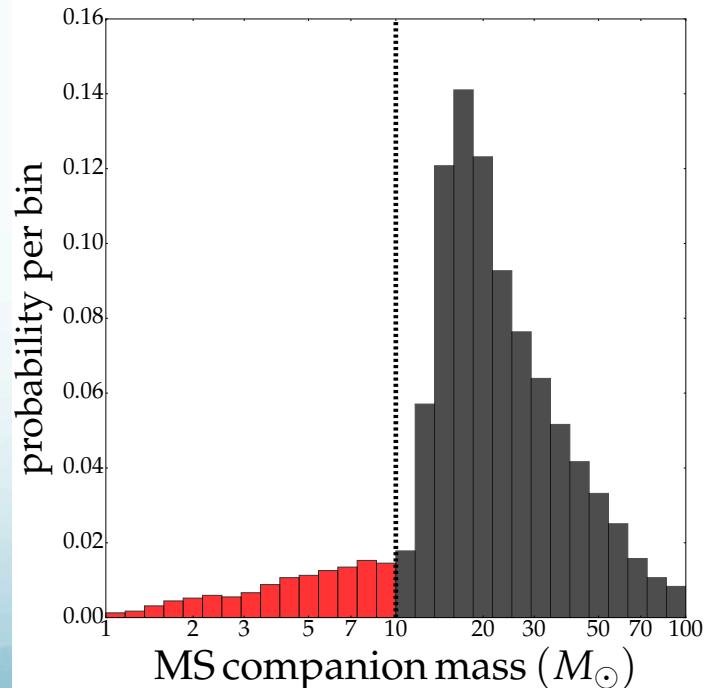


Variations in the mass distributions

non-conservative
mass transfer



fully conservative
mass transfer



Impact of binaries on ccSNe



- What companions do stripped-ccSNe have at explosion?

Zapartas+'17b

- What is the possible binary **evolution** of type II progenitors?

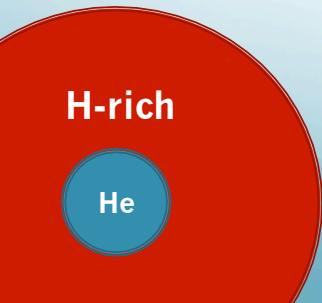
Zapartas+DeMink (in prep.)

- When do ccSNe explode?

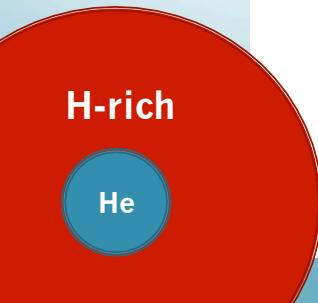
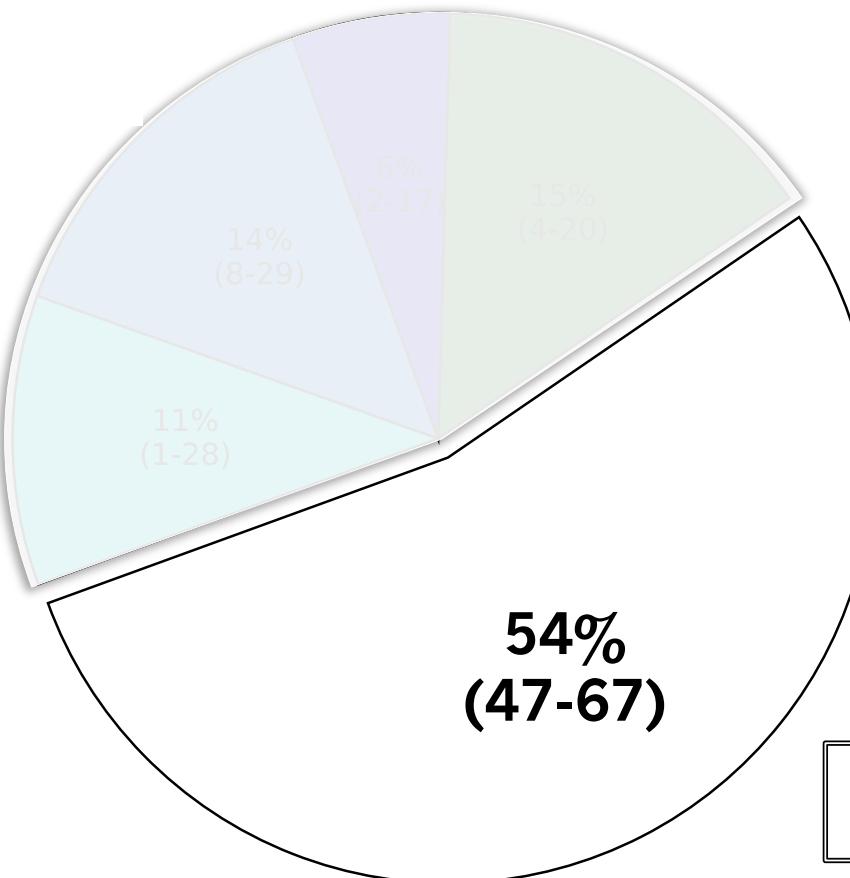
Zapartas+'17a

Credits: (ESO) Calçada, Kornmesser, De Mink

Progenitor evolution of SN type II

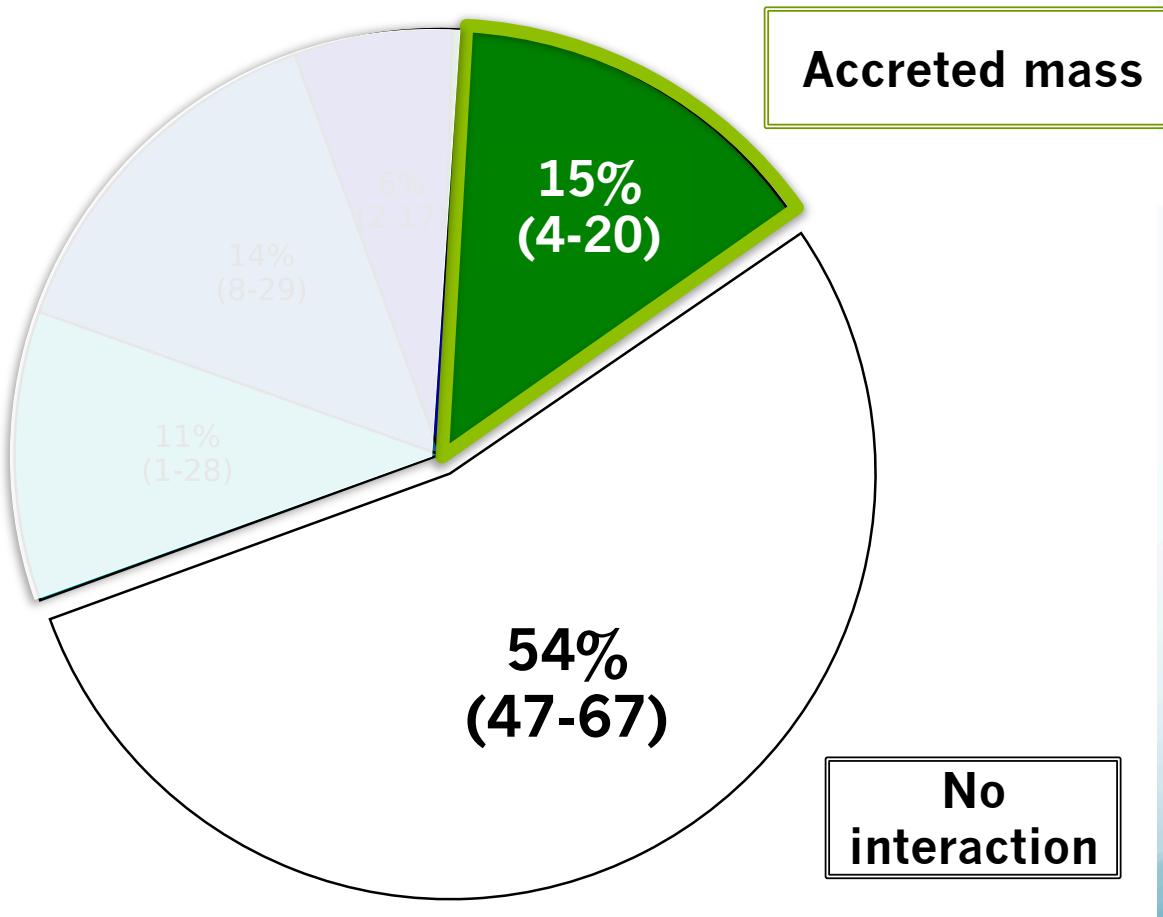


Progenitor evolution of SN type II

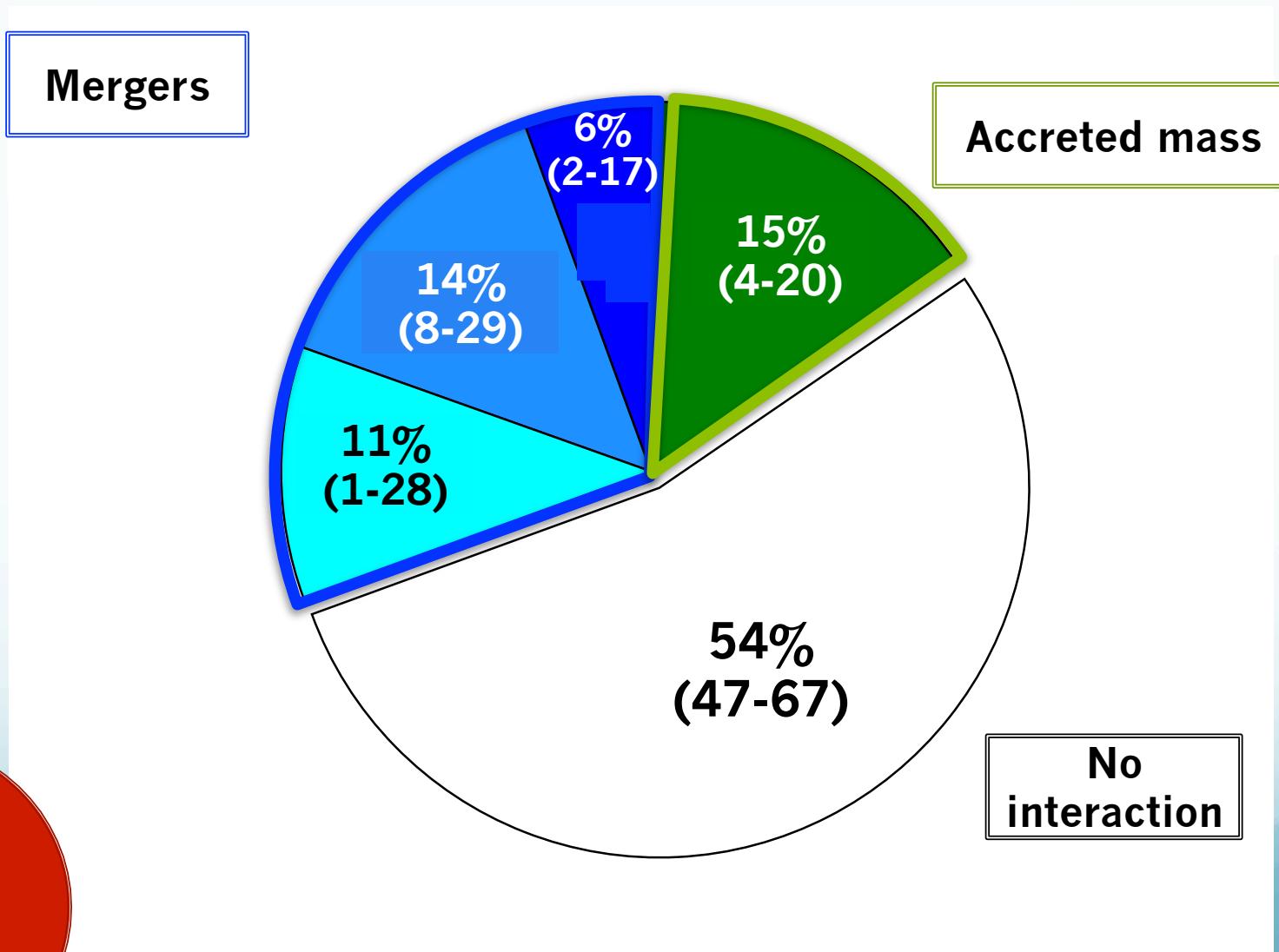


No
interaction

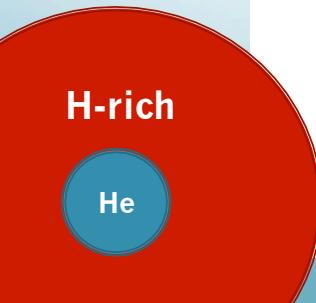
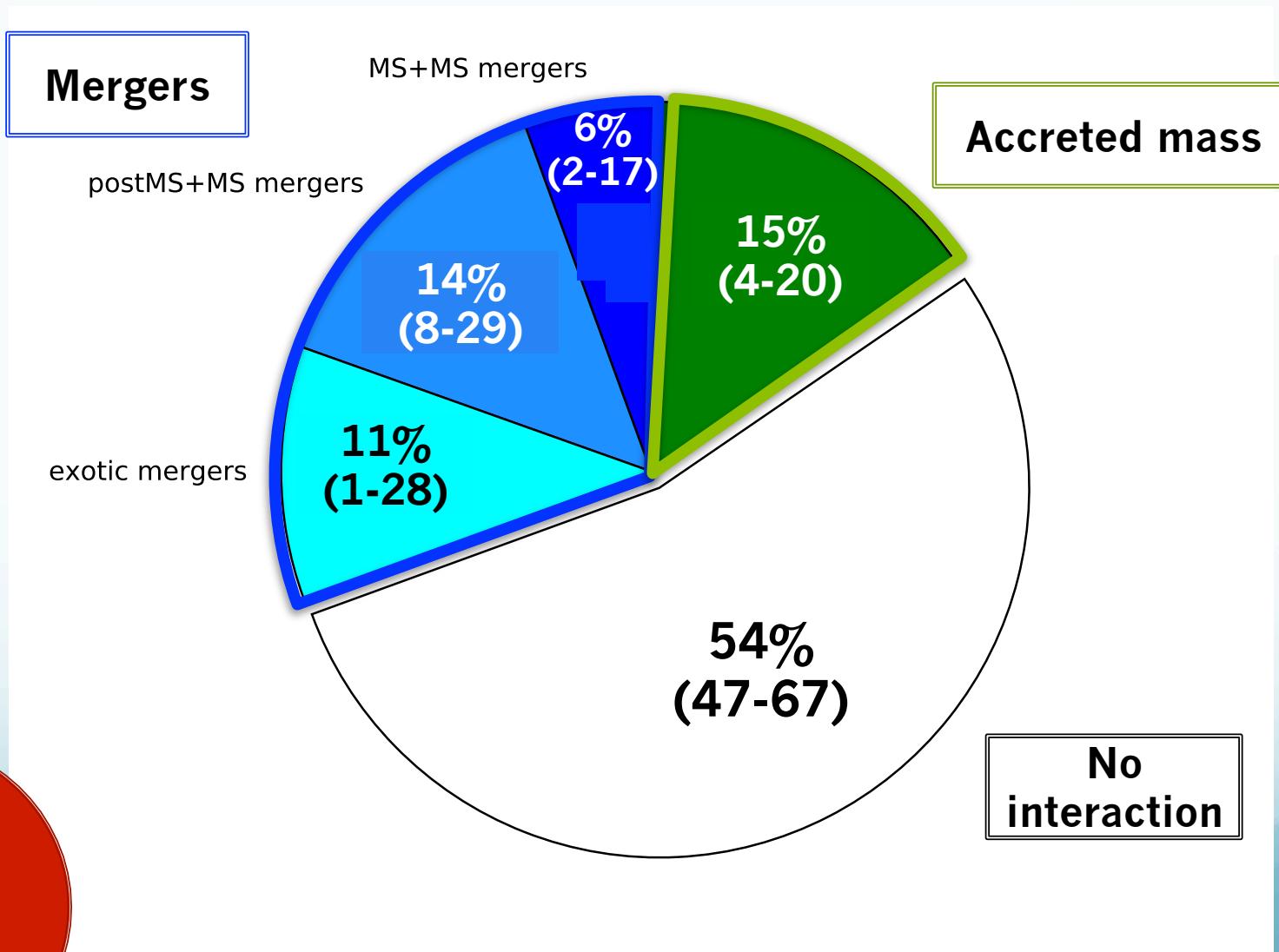
Progenitor evolution of SN type II



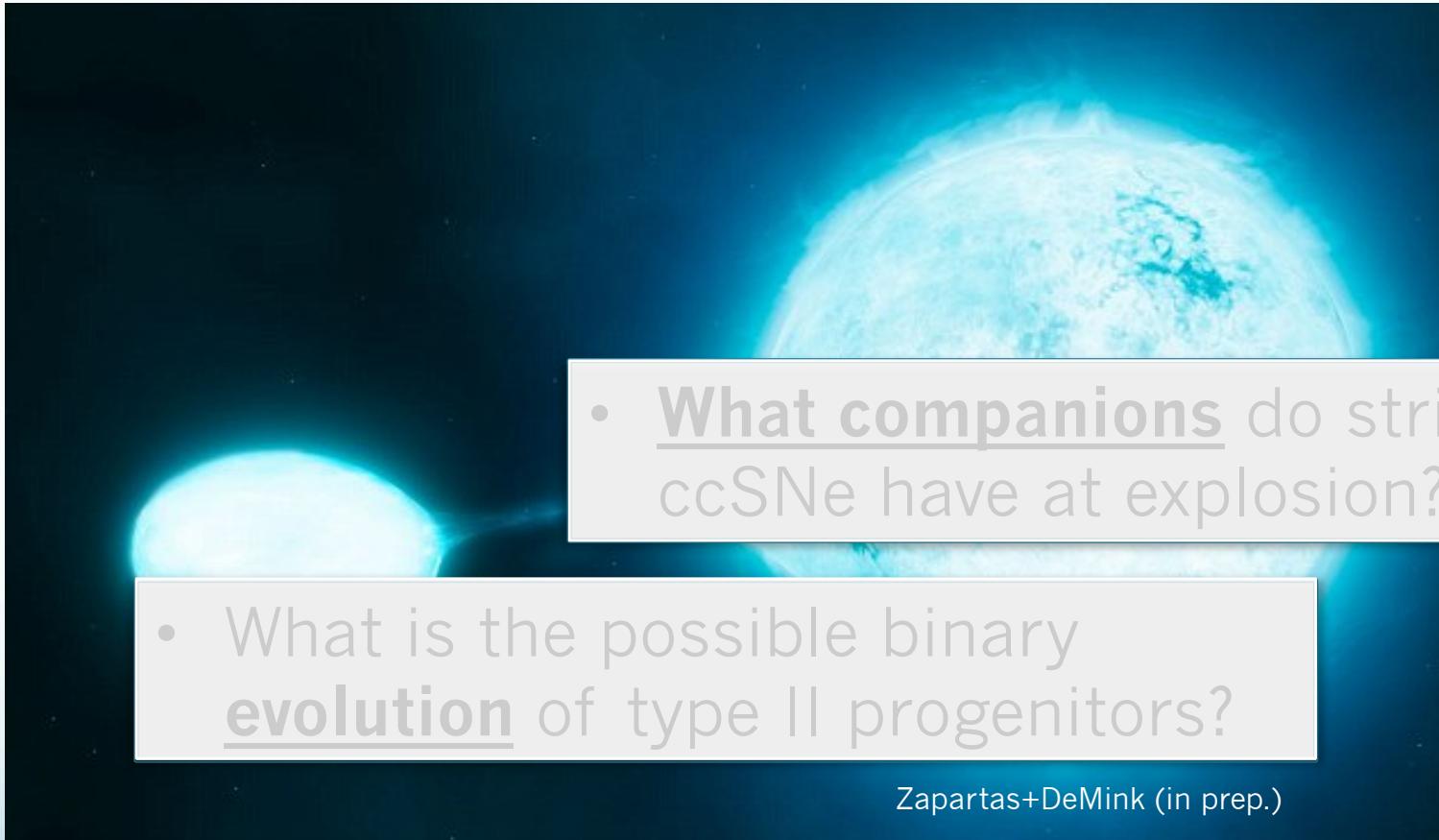
Progenitor evolution of SN type II



Progenitor evolution of SN type II



Impact of binaries on ccSNe



- What companions do stripped-ccSNe have at explosion?
- What is the possible binary evolution of type II progenitors?

Zapartas+'17b

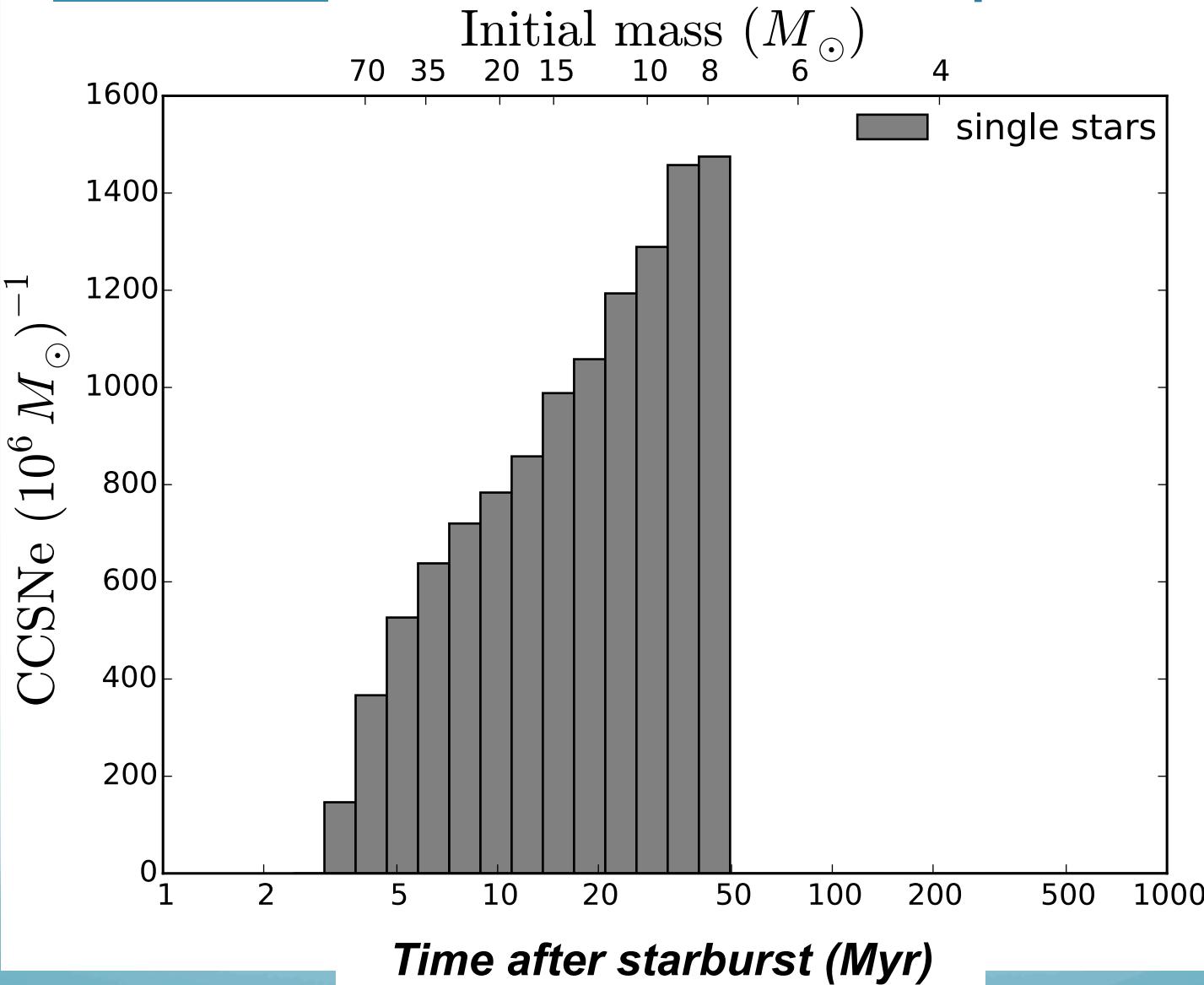
Zapartas+DeMink (in prep.)

- When do ccSNe explode?

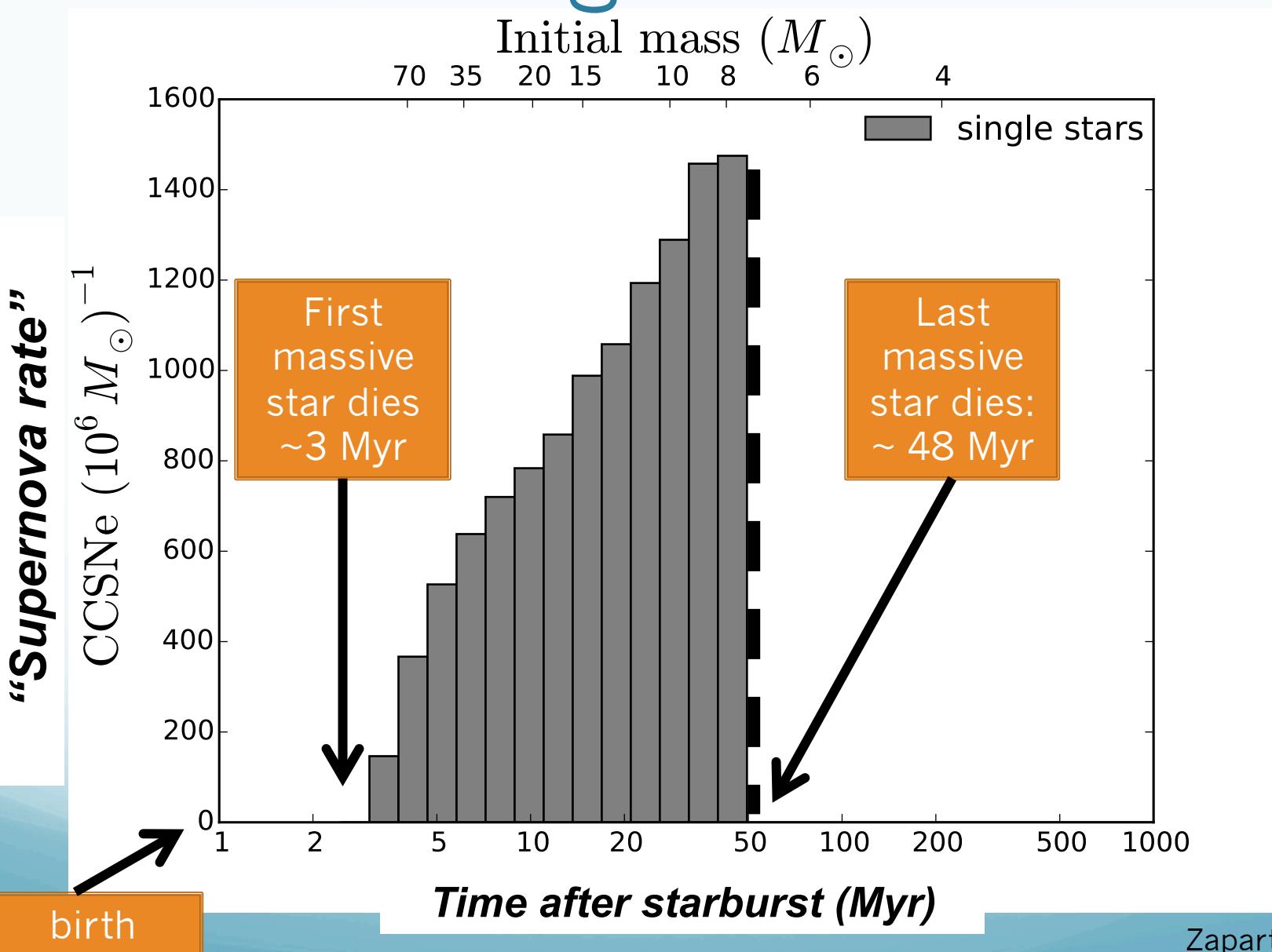
Zapartas+'17a

Credits: (ESO) Calçada, Kornmesser, De Mink

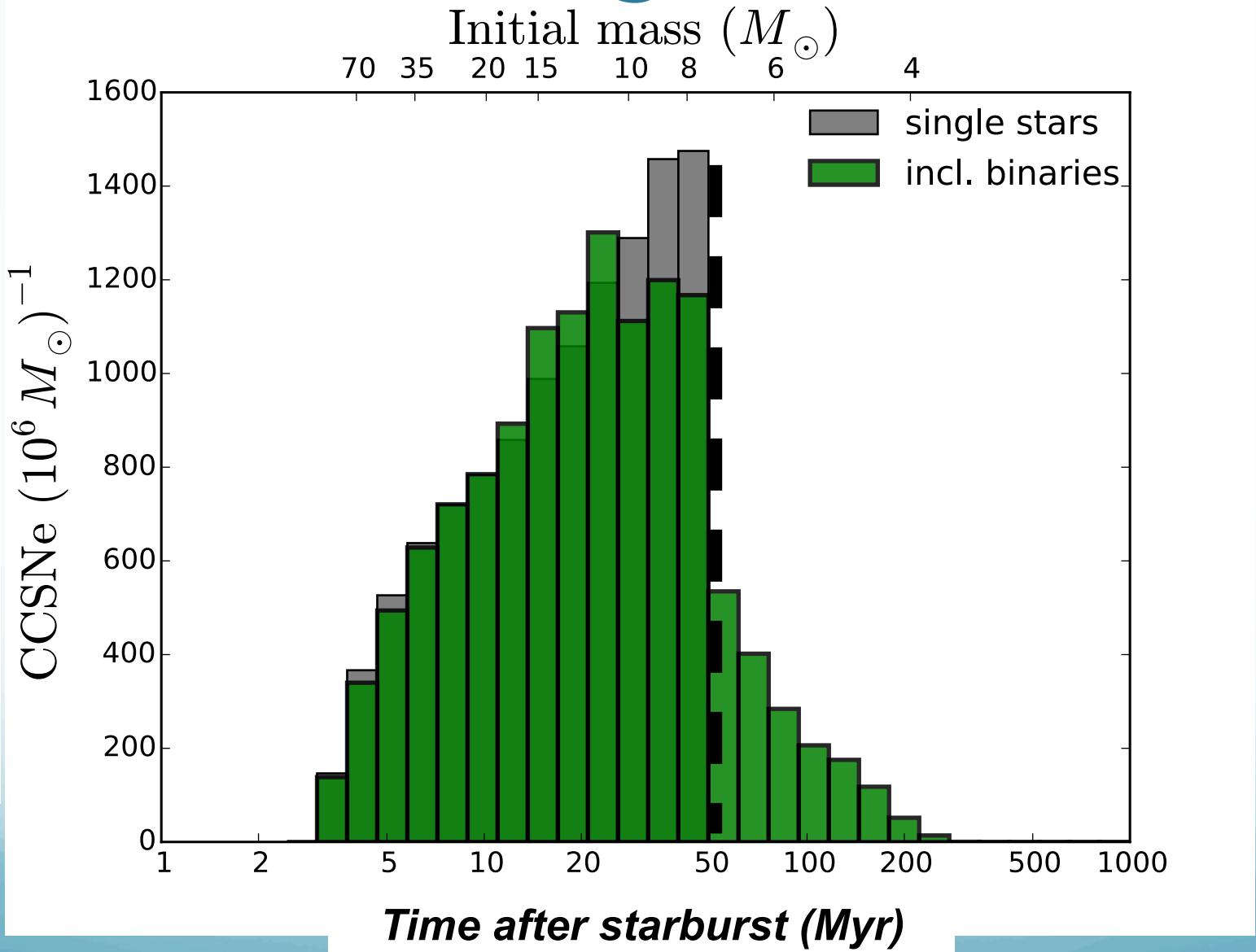
When do ccSNe explode?



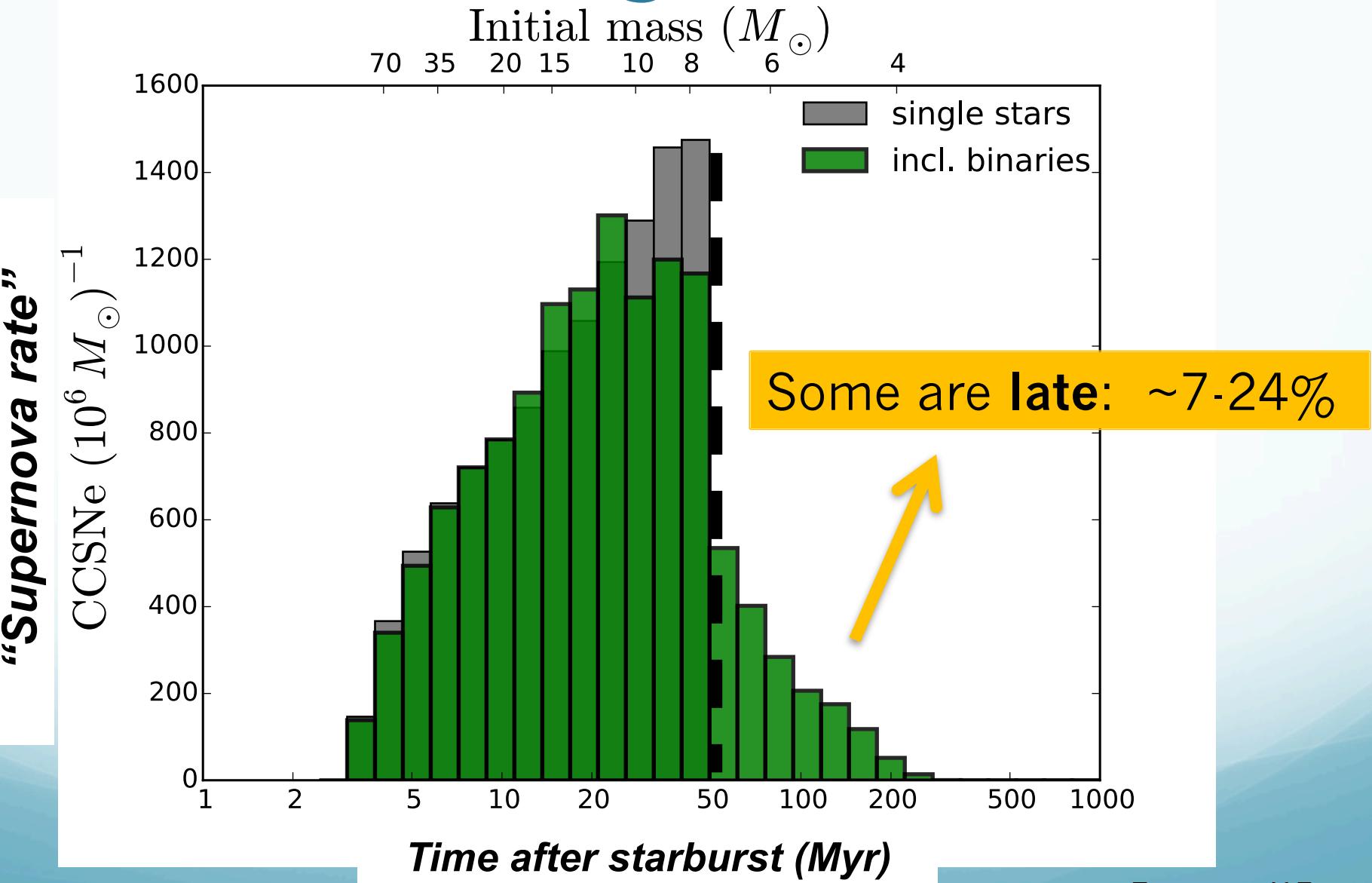
Single stars



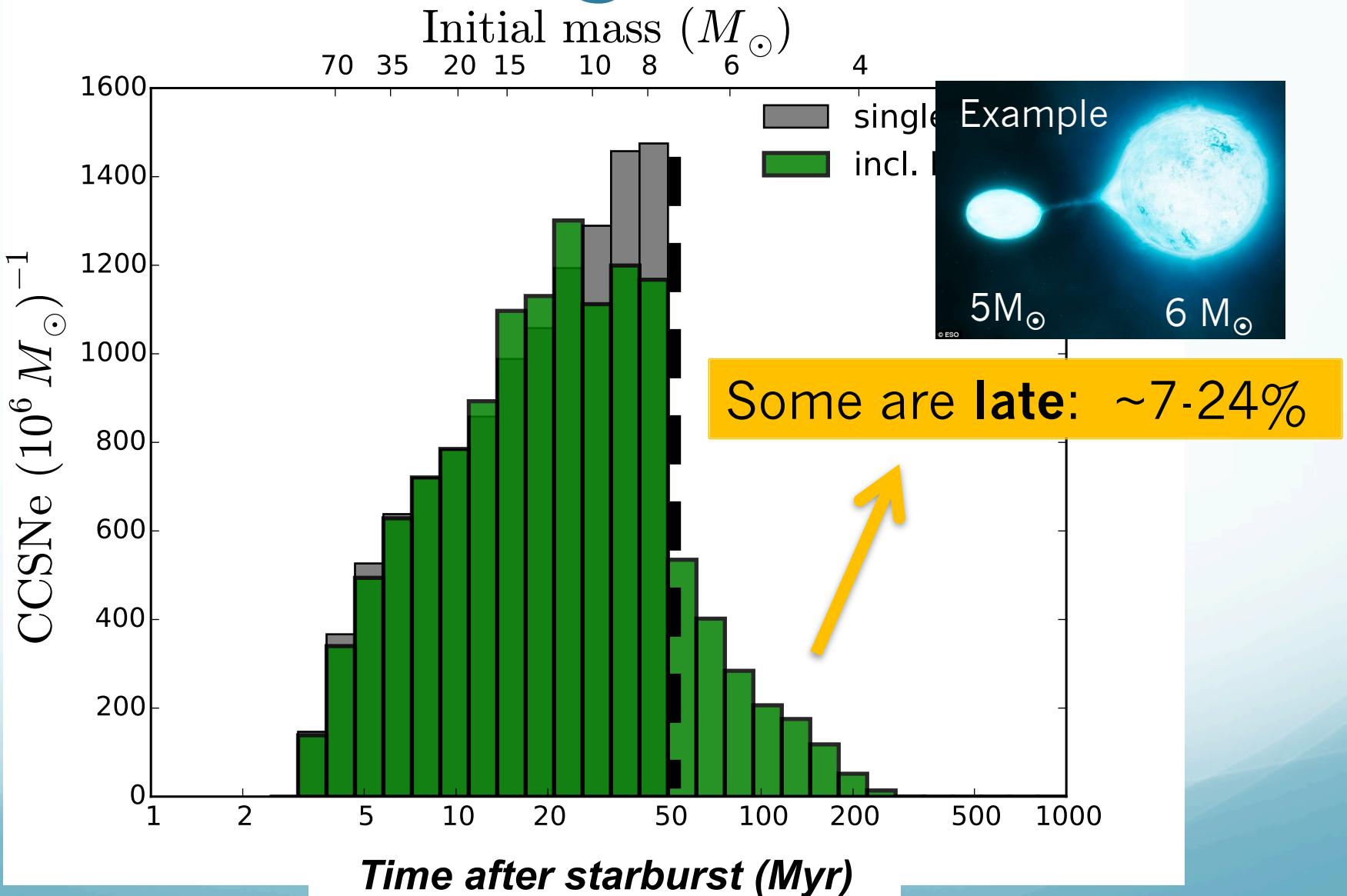
Including binaries



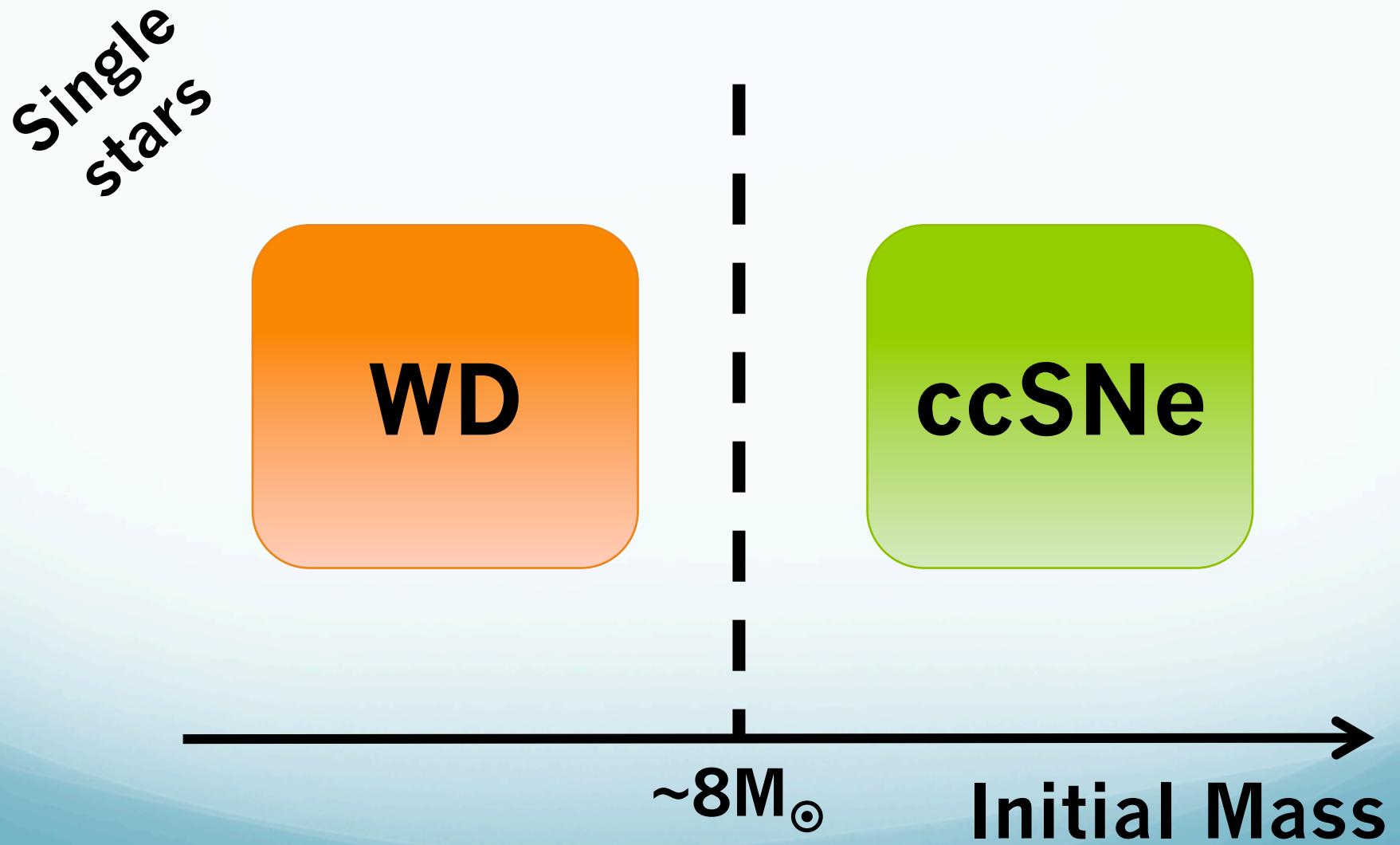
Including binaries



Including binaries

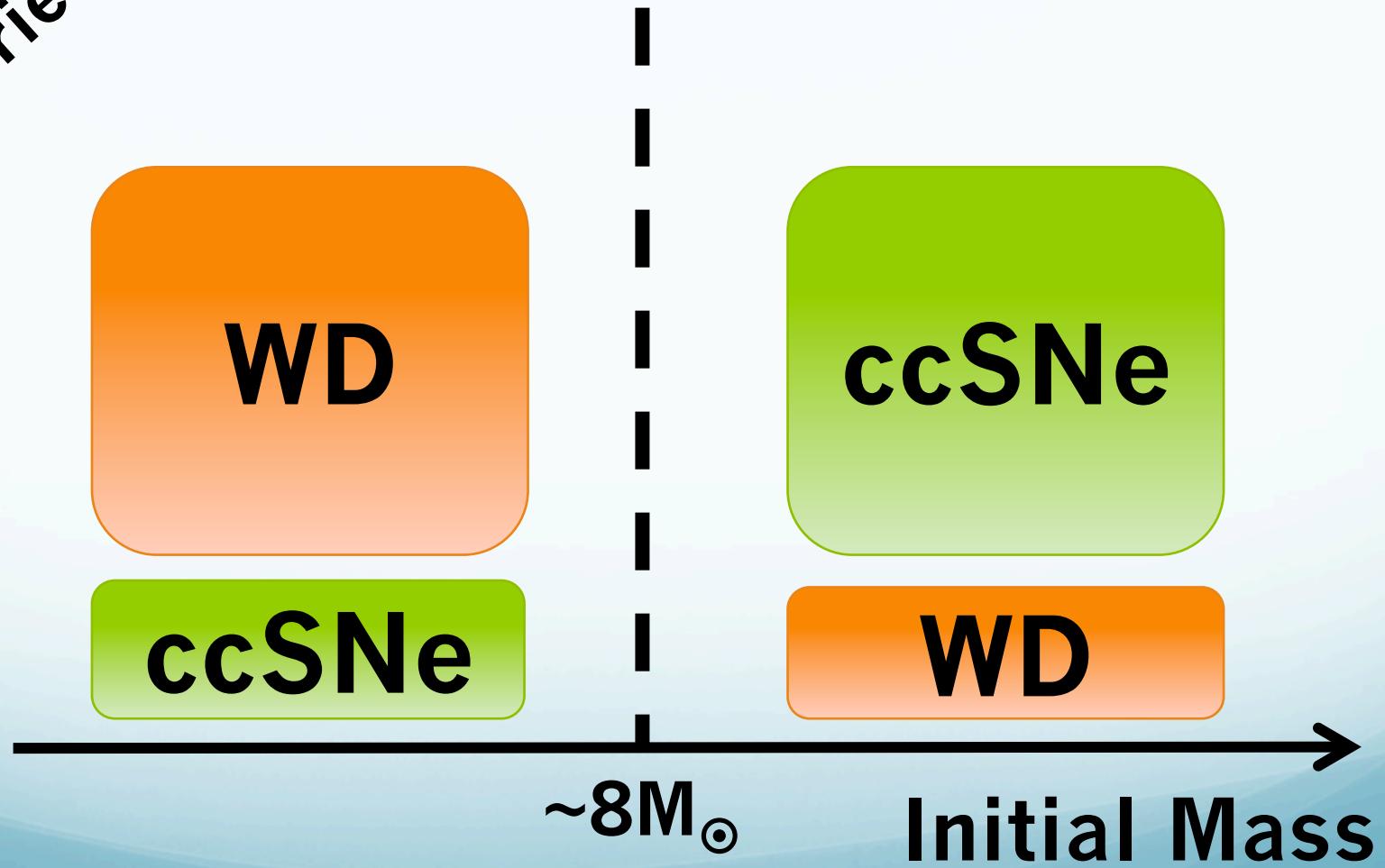


Which stars explode in ccSNe?



Which stars explode in ccSNe?

With
binaries



Possible observational signature of late ccSNe

Progenitor?



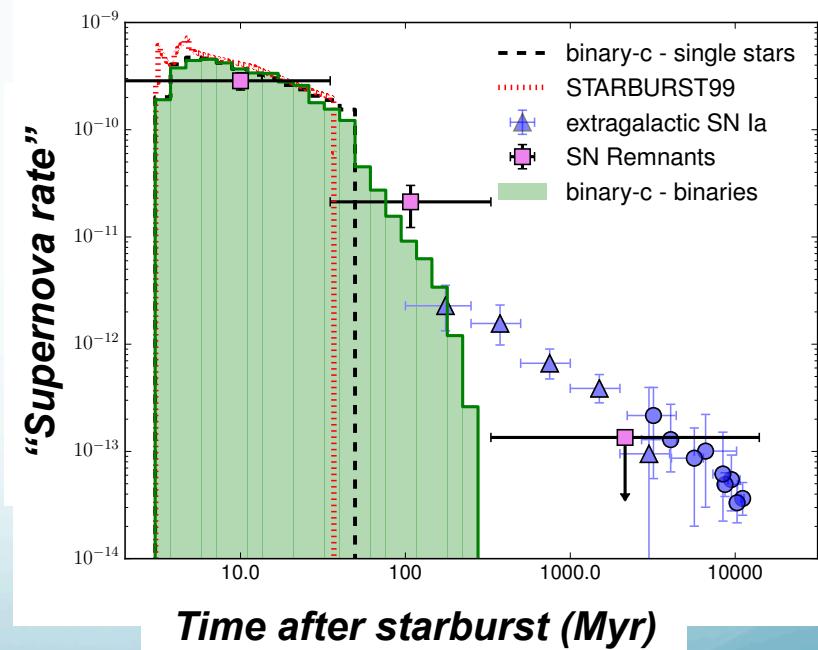
e.g. Mourard+ '15
Pols '07
Vanbeveren+ '98
Schootemeijer+(subm.)

Descendant?

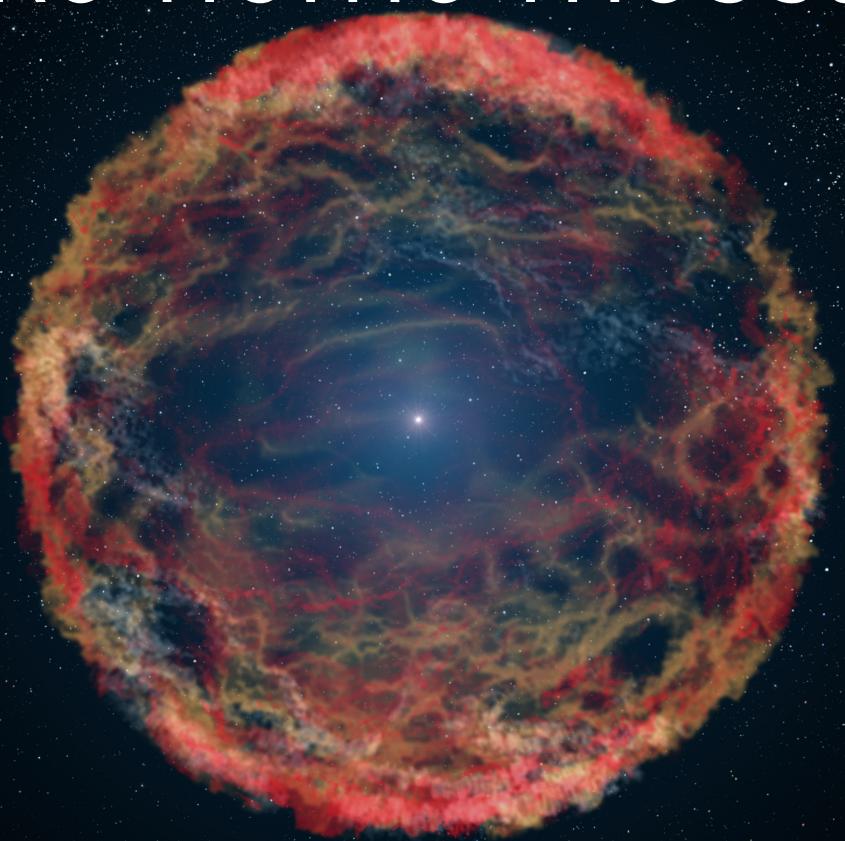


e.g. Portegies Zwart+Yungelson '99
Tauris+Sennels'00
Davies+Ritter+King'02
Kalogera+'05
Church+'06

DTD through
SN Remnants



Take home message



Take home message

- Binaries affect:
 - which stars explode in ccSNe and when
 - their evolution prior to explosion (and if they have a companion at explosion)

Take home message

- Binaries affect:
 - which stars explode in ccSNe and when
 - their evolution prior to explosion (and if they have a companion at explosion)

Thank you!

Backup slides

How robust are our predictions?

	Symbol	Standard models ^(a)	Model variations
Physical assumptions			
- mass transfer efficiency	β	β_{th}	0, 0.2, 1
- angular momentum loss	γ	$\gamma_{\text{orb,acc}}$	0, γ_{disk}
- mass loss during merger of two MS stars	μ_{loss}	0.1	0, 0.25
- mixing during merger of two MS stars	μ_{mix}	0.1	0, 1
- natal kick compact remnant (km s^{-1})	σ	265	σ_0, ∞
- common envelope efficiency	α_{CE}	1	0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 2, 5, 10
- envelope binding energy	λ_{CE}	$\lambda_{\text{Dewi+00}}$	0.5
- critical mass ratio for merger from MS donor	$q_{\text{crit,MS}}$	0.65	0.25, 0.8
- critical mass ratio for unstable mass transfer for HG donor	$q_{\text{crit,HG}}$	0.4	0, 0.25, 0.8, 1
- stellar wind mass loss efficiency parameter	η	1	0.33, 3
- maximum single star equivalent birth mass for ccSN (M_{\odot})	$M_{\text{max,cc}}$	100	20, 35
- minimum metal core for ccSN (M_{\odot})	$M_{\text{min,metal}}$	1.37	1.3, 1.4
Initial conditions			
- slope initial mass function	α	-2.3	-1.6, -2.7, -3.0
- slope initial mass ratio distribution	κ	0	-1, 1
- slope of initial period distr.	π	$\pi_{\text{Opik24,Sana+12}}$	-1, 1
- metallicity	Z	0.014	0.0002, 0.004, 0.008, 0.02, 0.03
- binary fraction ^(a)	f_{bin}	0.7, 0.0 ^(a)	0.3, 1, $f_{\text{bin}}(M_1)$
- normalization parameter (M_{\odot})	M_{low}	2	1, 3

Late ccSNe: ~15%

varyiations: 7 - 24%

Standard assumptions

- **Physical processes**

- Stellar evolutionary models (*Pols+ '98, H00*)
- Stellar winds & Mass loss (*Vink+ '00, '01, '05, Nieuwenhuijzen +de Jager'90, Hurley+'02*)
- Tidal interaction: (*Hurley+'02, Zahn+ '89*)
- Accretion & spin up: (*Hurley+'02, de Mink+ '13*)
- Treatment of mergers & rejuvenation: (*Hurley+'02, de Mink+ '14*)
- Common Envelope Evolution: (*Webbink '84, Dewi+Tauris'00*)
- Supernova kicks: (*Hurley+'02, Hobbs+'05*)
- Final masses & Compact objects: (*Hurley+'00*)

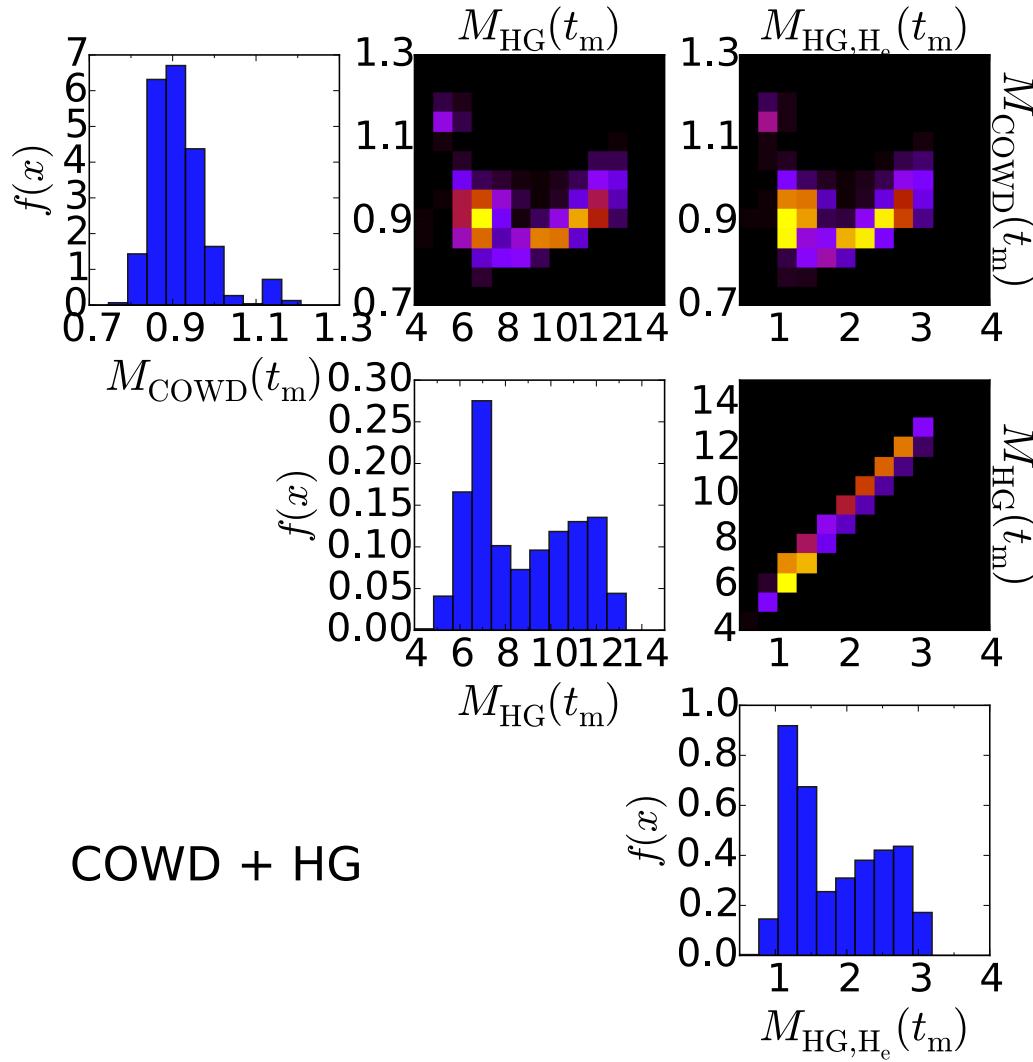
- **Initial conditions**

- Binary fraction 70% or 50% for massive star (*Sana+ '12, Moe+'16*)
- Initial Mass Function : $\alpha = -2.3$ for massive stars (*Kroupa '01*)
- Mass ratio: flat distribution (*Sana+ '12, Kobulnicky+ '14*)
- Orbital period:
 - favors close systems (*Sana+'12*), flat distribution (*Öpik '24, Kouwenhoven+'07*)

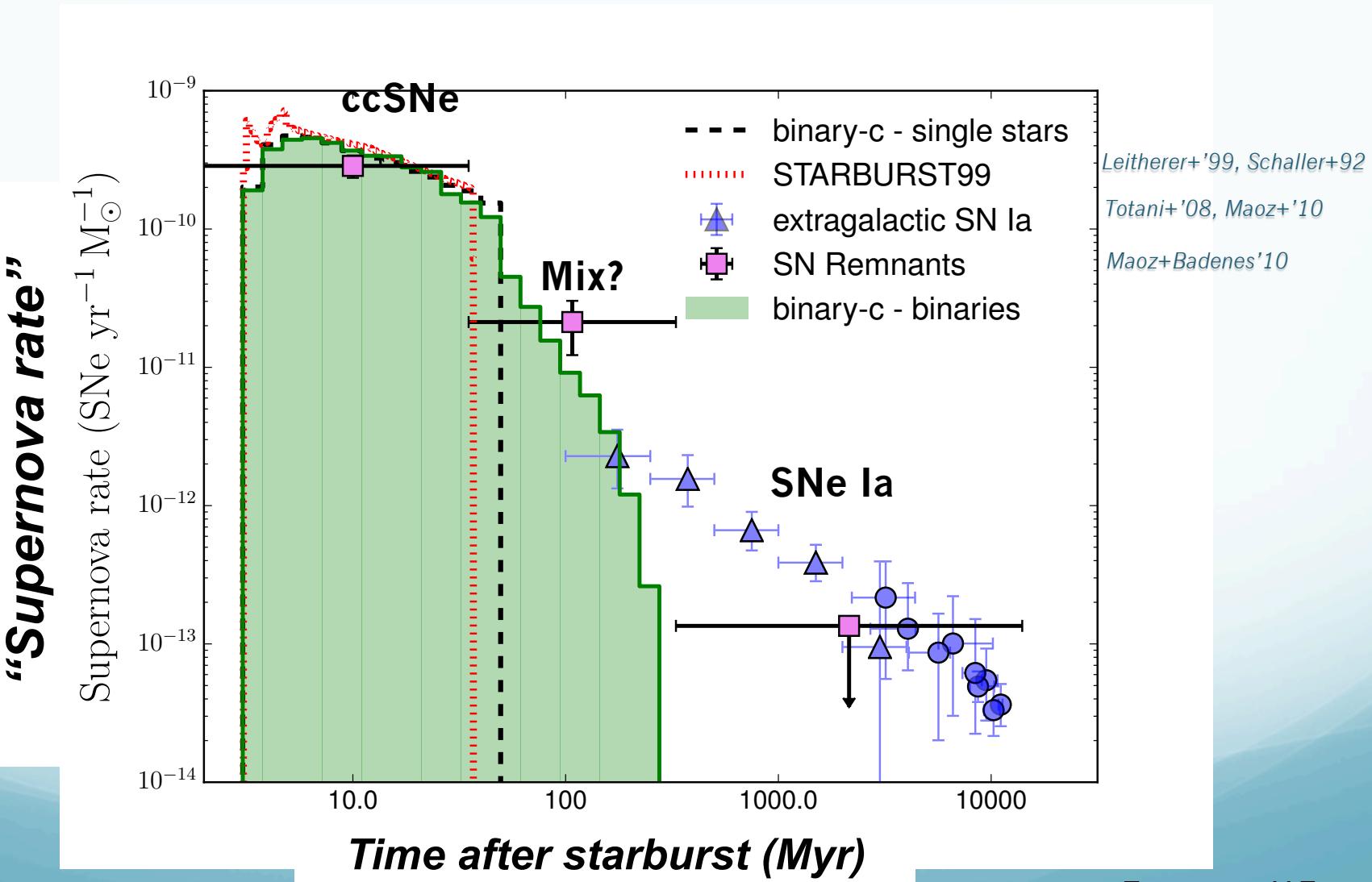
Id	Description	f_{late}	$t_{50\%,\text{late}}$ (Myr)	$t_{90\%,\text{late}}$ (Myr)
00	Standard Simulations	14.2%	71.0	143.5
Physical assumptions				
01	mass transfer efficiency	$\beta = 0$	9.7%	67.7
02	""	$\beta = 0.2$	12.1%	61.5
03	""	$\beta = 1$	21.9%	78.2
04	angular momentum loss	$\gamma = 0$	15.1%	68.9
05	""	$\gamma = \gamma_{\text{disk}}$	13.7%	68.1
06	mass loss during merger	$\mu_{\text{loss}} = 0$	15.4%	71.0
07	""	$\mu_{\text{loss}} = 0.25$	14.8%	67.7
08	mixing during merger	$\mu_{\text{mix}} = 0$	14.8%	68.9
09	""	$\mu_{\text{mix}} = 1$	15.6%	68.9
10	natal kick compact remnant	$\sigma = \sigma_0$	15.3%	70.1
11	""	$\sigma = \infty$	14.5%	68.9
12	common envelope efficiency	$\alpha_{\text{CE}} = 0.1$	15.7%	75.4
13	""	$\alpha_{\text{CE}} = 0.2$	16.5%	77.2
14	""	$\alpha_{\text{CE}} = 0.5$	16.9%	71.4
15	""	$\alpha_{\text{CE}} = 2.0$	12.8%	67.3
16	""	$\alpha_{\text{CE}} = 5.0$	7.6%	61.5
17	""	$\alpha_{\text{CE}} = 10.0$	6.7%	61.1
18	envelope binding energy	$\lambda_{\text{CE}} = 0.5$	15.8%	74.9
19	critical mass ratios for contact	$q_{\text{crit,MS}} = 0.25$	14.4%	71.0
20	""	$q_{\text{crit,MS}} = 0.8$	15.1%	68.1
21	""	$q_{\text{crit,HG}} = 0.0$	14.8%	77.7
22	""	$q_{\text{crit,HG}} = 0.25$	13.9%	71.9
23	""	$q_{\text{crit,HG}} = 0.8$	19.8%	71.4
24	""	$q_{\text{crit,HG}} = 0.99$	22.0%	75.4
25	wind mass loss efficiency	$\eta = 0.33$	14.5%	71.9
26	""	$\eta = 3.0$	15.2%	67.3
27	exclusion WD mergers*		11.7%	72.3
28	threshold for core collapse	$M_{\text{max,cc}} = 35$	15.1%	71.4
29	""	$M_{\text{max,cc}} = 20$	18.2%	71.4
30	""	$M_{\text{min,metal}} = 1.30$	14.7%	79.6
31	""	$M_{\text{min,metal}} = 1.40$	15.8%	59.3
Initial conditions				
32	initial mass function	$\alpha = -1.6$	8.1%	66.9
33	""	$\alpha = -2.7$	18.5%	74.9
34	""	$\alpha = -3.0$	24.0%	72.3
35	initial mass ratio distribution	$\kappa = -1$	12.2%	62.2
36	""	$\kappa = +1$	17.5%	73.6
37	initial period distribution	$\pi = +1$	10.3%	69.3
38	""	$\pi = -1$	20.9%	77.7
39	metallicity	$Z = 0.0002$	10.2%	93.6
40	""	$Z = 0.001$	10.9%	86.6
41	""	$Z = 0.004$	12.3%	79.6
42	""	$Z = 0.008$	13.4%	75.8
43	""	$Z = 0.02$	14.5%	66.9
44	""	$Z = 0.03$	14.3%	64.5
45	binary fraction	$f_{\text{bin}} = 0.3$	6.7%	71.4
46	""	$f_{\text{bin}} = 1.0$	19.2%	68.9
47	mass dependent binary fraction	$f_{\text{bin}}(M_1)$	11.3%	68.5
48	normalization parameter	$M_{\text{low}} = 1M_{\odot}$	14.0%	71.4
49	""	$M_{\text{low}} = 3M_{\odot}$	14.0%	71.2

Simulation	$t_{50\%, \text{all}}$ (Myr)	$t_{90\%, \text{all}}$ (Myr)	f_{late}
<i>Single stars</i>			
- STARBURST99 (default)	15.0	32.7	0%
- STARBURST99 (modified)	16.4	36.7	0%
- BRUSSELS (DV03)	23.1	39.7	0%
- BPASS v2.0	17.0	50.1	0%
- this work	19.6	41.6	0%
<i>Including binary stars</i>			
- BRUSSELS (DV03)	31.5	112.7	23%
- BPASS v2.0	17.7	63.1	8.5%
- this work	21.5	60.7	14.2%

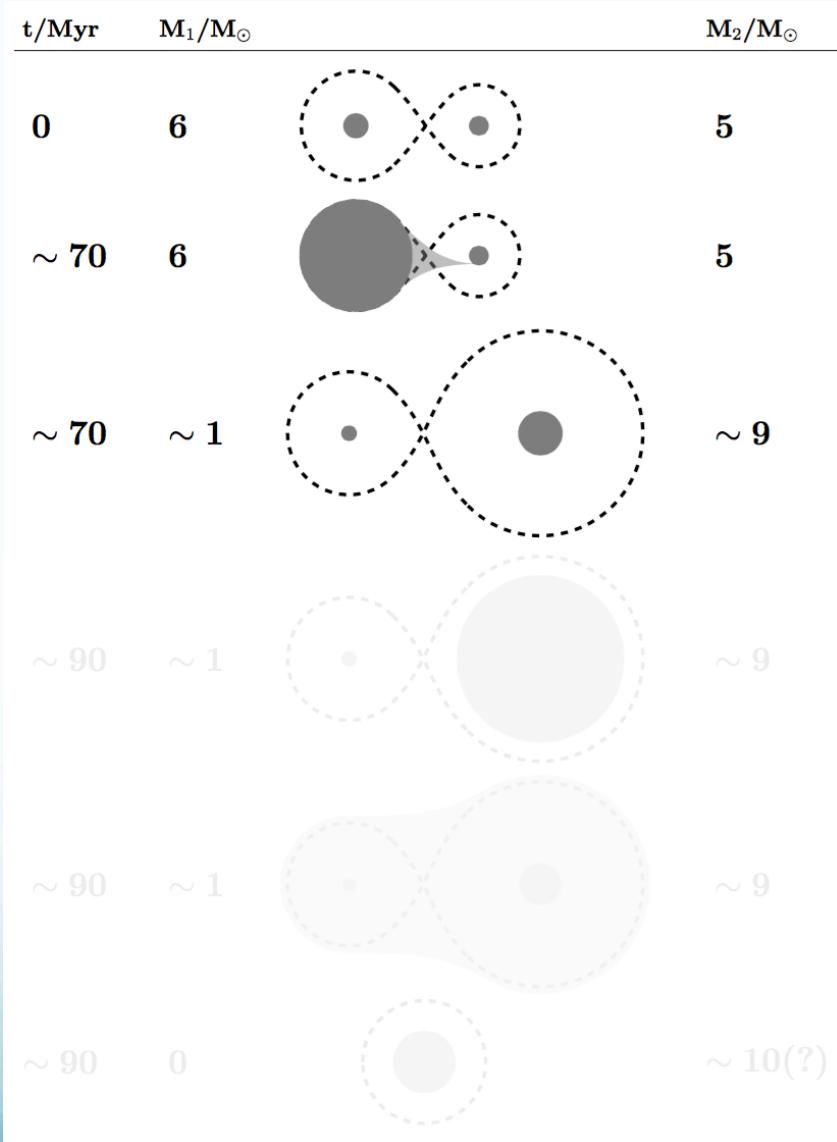
COWD mergers



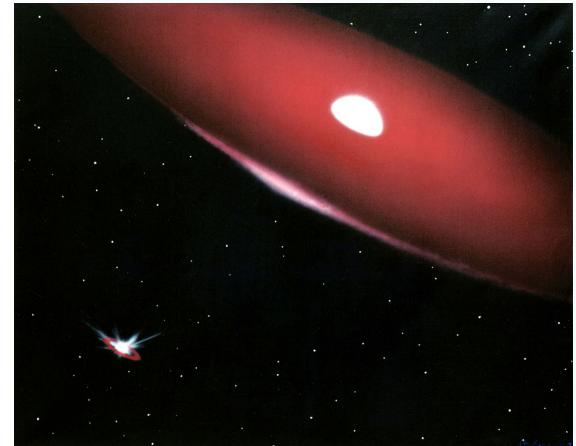
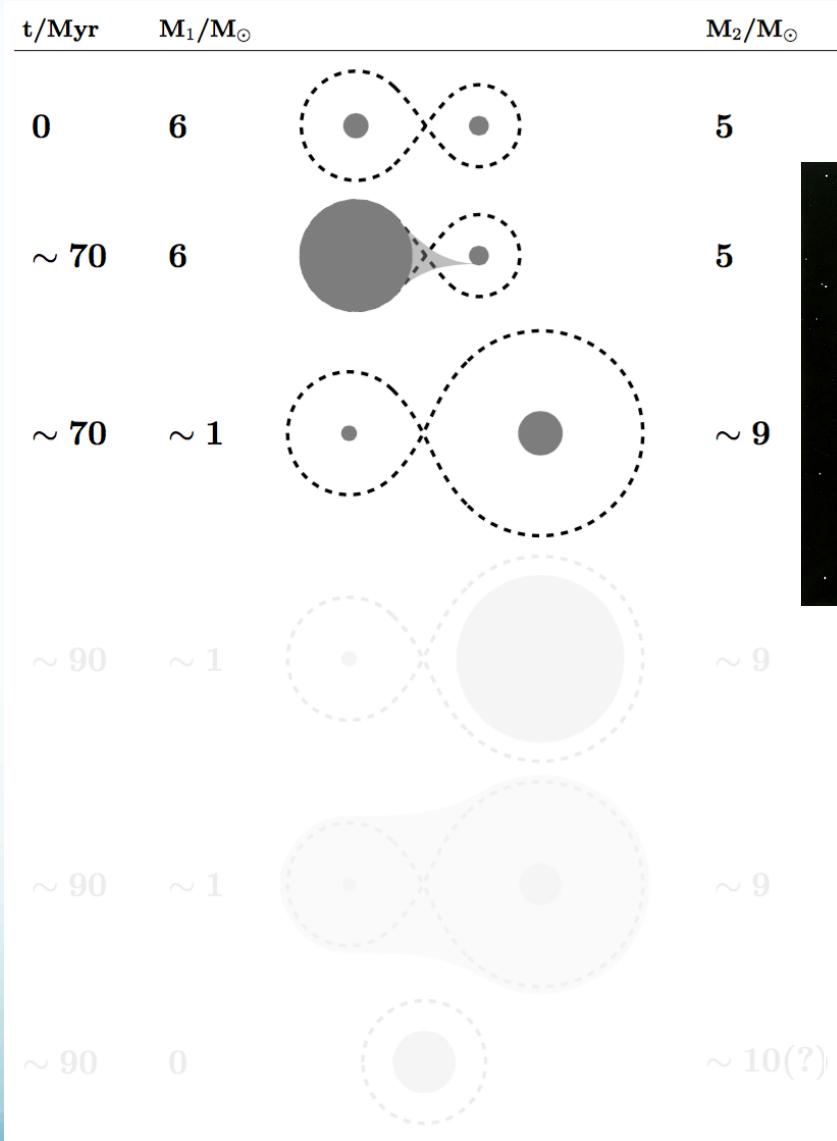
Possible observational signature of late ccSNe



Channels for late ccSNe (15%) from intermediate-mass binaries



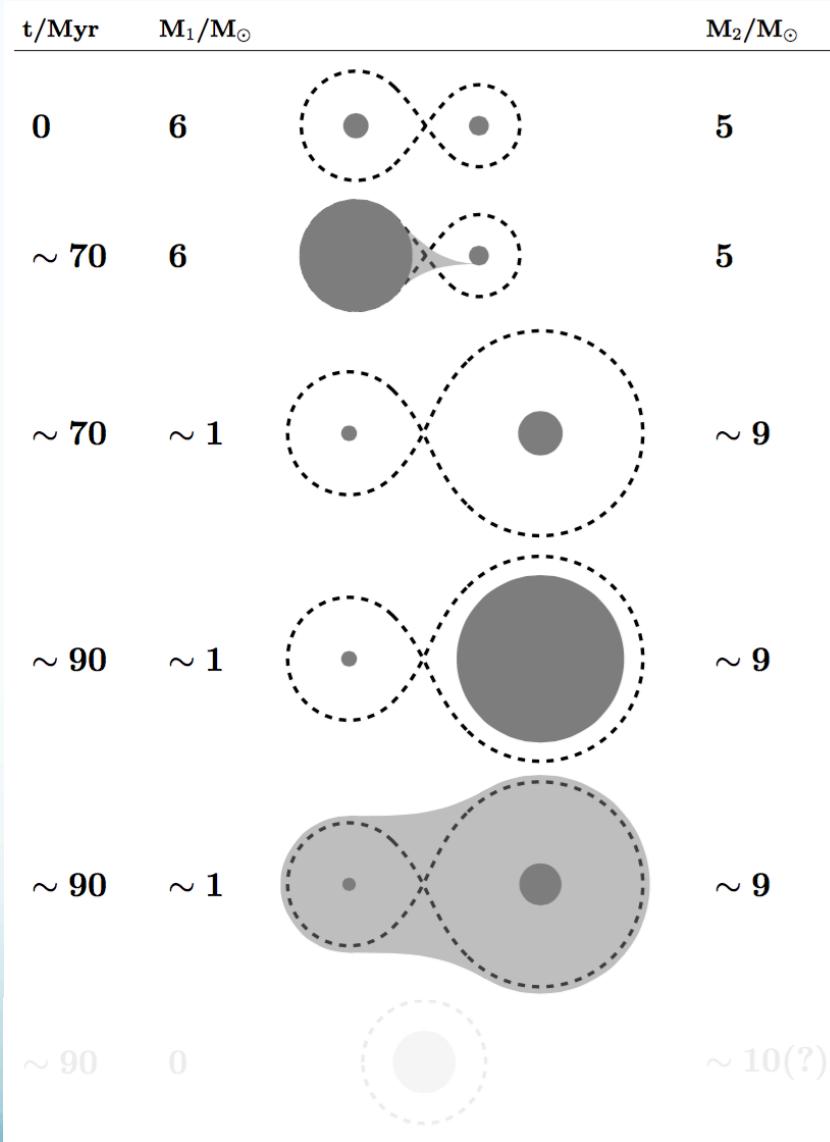
Channels for late ccSNe (15%) from intermediate-mass binaries



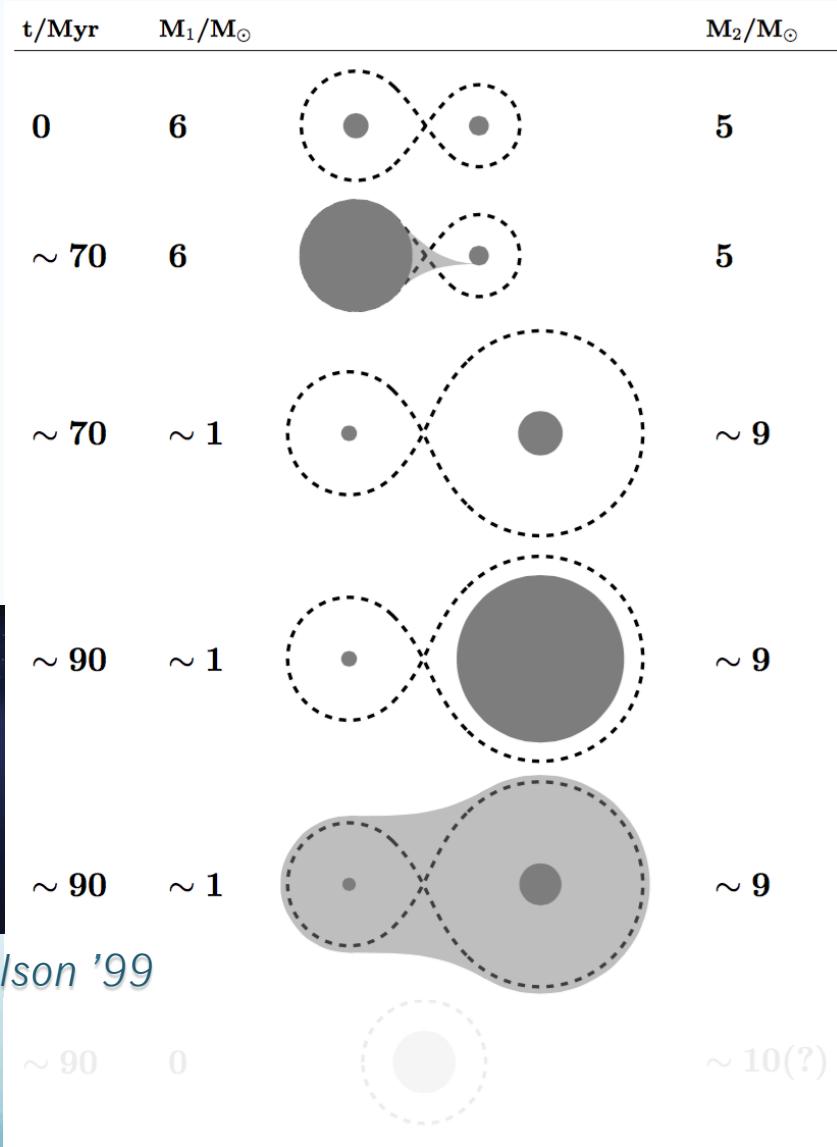
ϕ Persei ?

e.g. Mourard+ '15
Schootemeijer+(in prep.)
Pols '07
Vanbeveren+ '98

Channels for late ccSNe (15%) from intermediate-mass binaries



Channels for late ccSNe (15%) from intermediate-mass binaries



e.g. Portegies Zwart+Yungelson '99

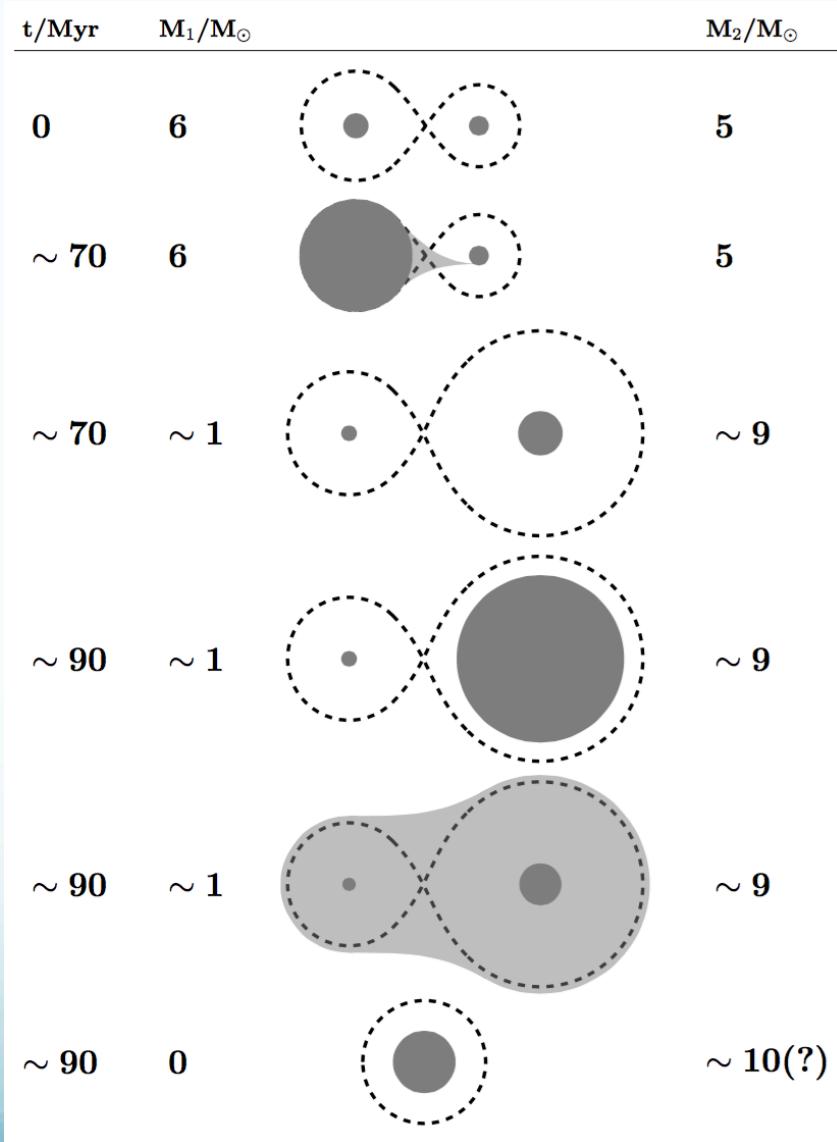
Tauris+Sennels'00

Davies+Ritter+King'02

Kalogera+'05

Church+'06

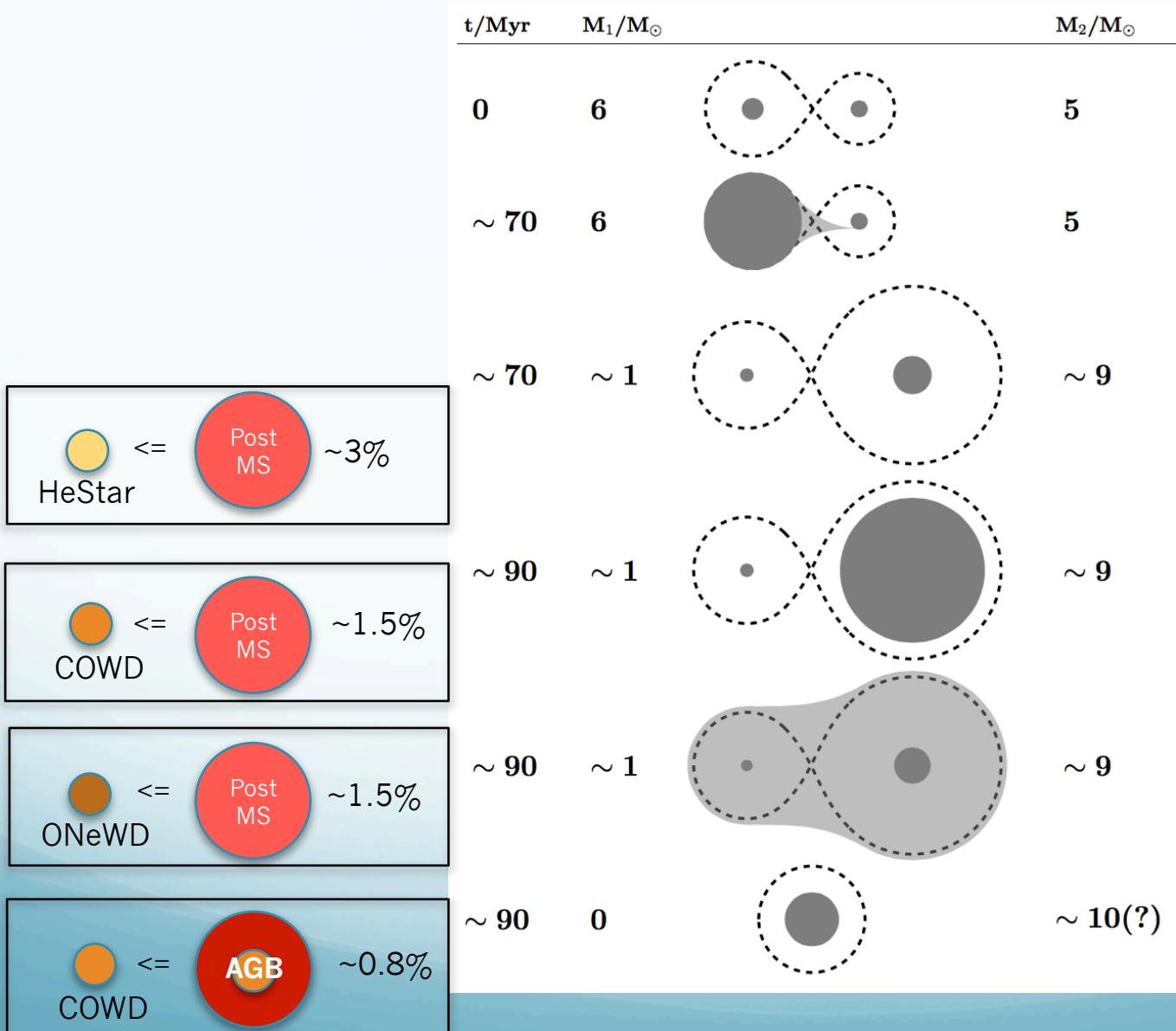
Channels for late ccSNe (15%) from intermediate-mass binaries



Credit: Bill Pounds

e.g. Sparks+Stecher'74
Sabach+Soker'14

Channels for late ccSNe (15%) from intermediate-mass binaries



Credit: Bill Pounds

e.g. Sparks+Stecher'74
Sabach+Soker'14

Channels for late SN (15% of total)

